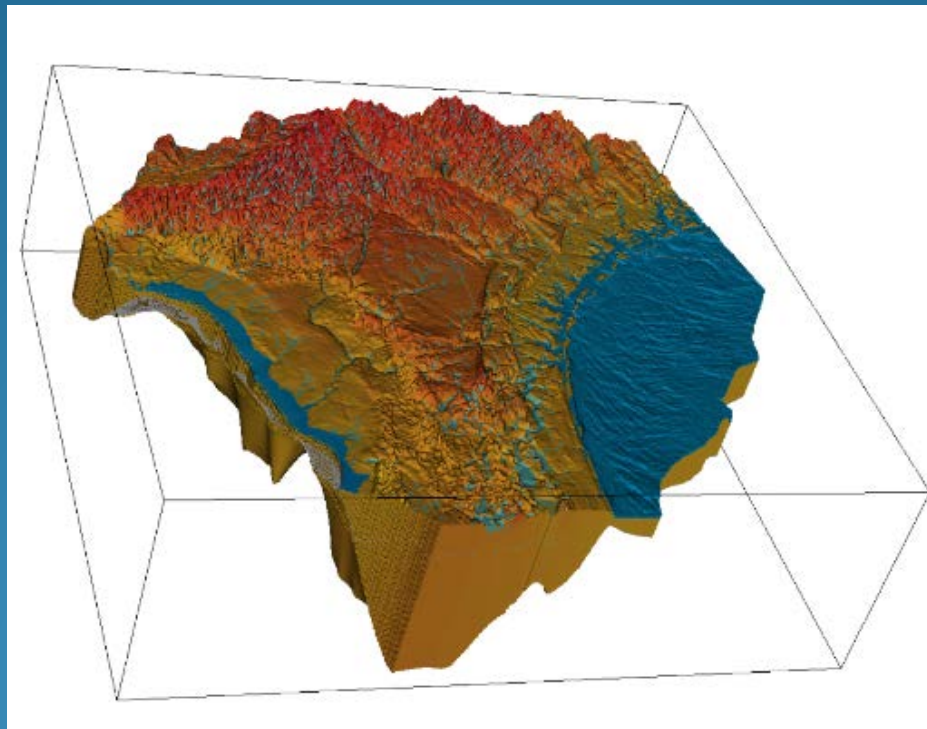


# NFSEG Peer Review Phase 1 Results Meeting



June 21, 2017



# Outline

- Introduction/Meeting Objectives
- Overview of Phase 1 Results
  - HSPF
  - MODFLOW
- Peer Review Panel Discussions
- Technical Stakeholder Input
- Next Steps
- Public Comments
- Schedule/Meeting Recap



# Introduction / Meeting Objective

- Task B Phase 1 Draft NFSEG v1.1 Model
  - Review model changes made to date
  - Discuss key findings as well as specific suggestions on outstanding tasks to be completed for final V1.1
  - Review and discuss preliminary consideration of Task D2 (Items A-F) and Task D3 (A-D, G, and H)
- Next Steps
  - Begin discussion of no-pumping / predevelopment simulations



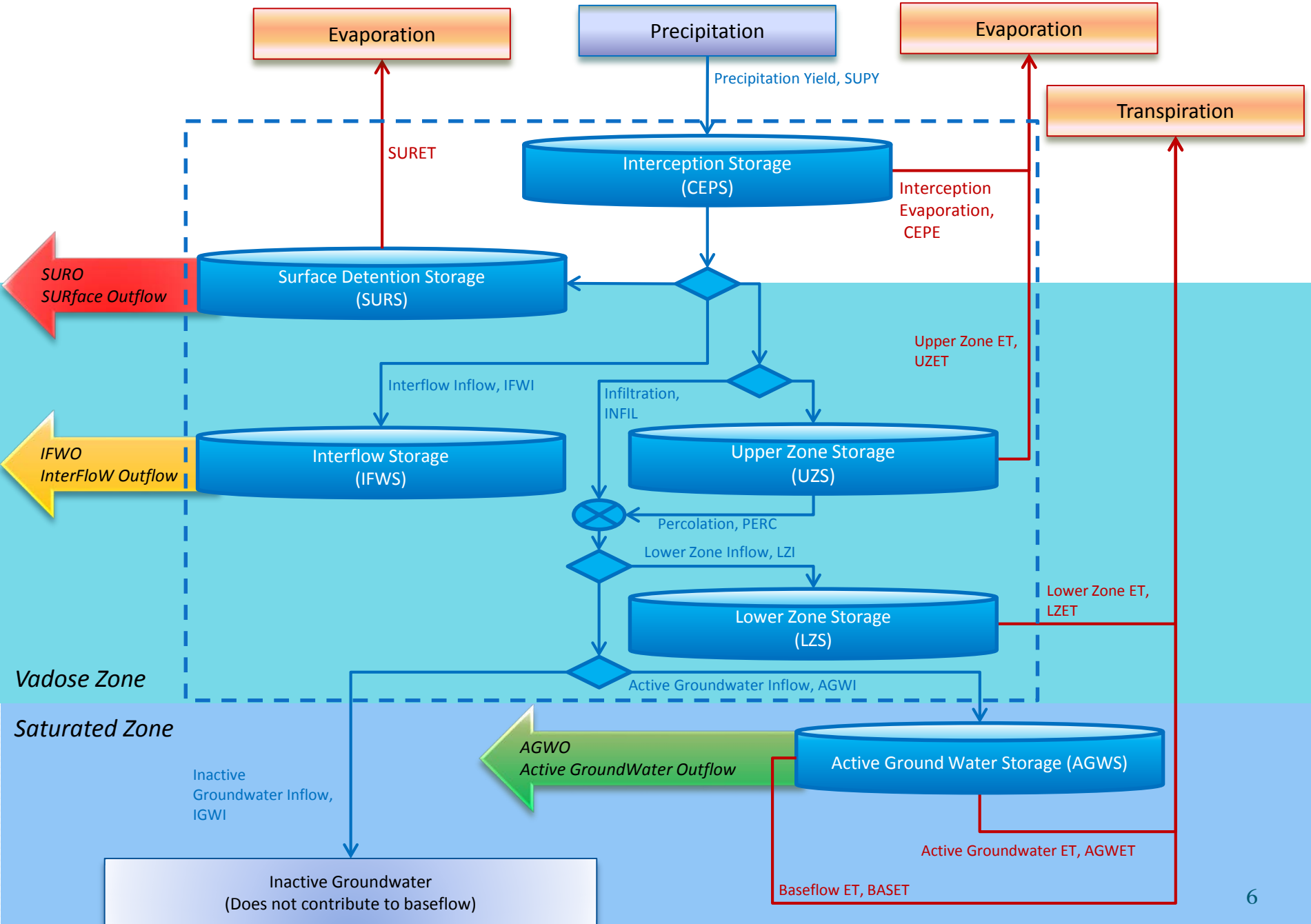
# Overview Of Phase 1 Results - HSPF



# HSPF Updates

- New equation to calculate gross recharge
- Representation of more springs plus diffuse groundwater discharge to a reach
- Recalibrate
  - Adjustments of weights to emphasize frequency distribution curve, total actual evapotranspiration, and period of record volume.
  - Two additional flow observation stations.





# Mass Balance

- Mass balance within control volume (dashed blue box)

$$\text{In} = \text{Out} + (\text{Change in storage})$$

$$\text{where } (\text{Change in storage}) = 0$$

$$\text{In} = \text{Out}$$

$$\text{Precipitation} = \text{SURO} + \text{IFWO} + \text{LZET} + \text{UZET} + \\ \text{AGWI} + \text{IGWI} + \text{SURET} + \text{CEPE}$$



# MODFLOW Recharge Equation

$$\text{Recharge} = \text{precipitation} - \text{interception\_et} - \text{direct\_runoff} - \text{unsaturated\_et}$$

where:  $\text{interception\_et} = \text{CEPE}$

$\text{direct\_runoff} = \text{SURO} + \text{IFWO}$

$\text{unsaturated\_et} = \text{LZET} + \text{UZET}$

*Replace with HSPF Variables*

$$\text{Recharge} = \text{precipitation} - \text{CEPE} - \text{SURO} - \text{IFWO} - \text{LZET} - \text{UZET}$$



# Combine

## HSPF Control Volume

$$\text{Precipitation} = \text{SURO} + \text{IFWO} + \text{LZET} + \text{UZET} + \\ \text{AGWI} + \text{IGWI} + \text{SURET} + \text{CEPE}$$

$$\text{Precipitation} - \text{CEPE} - \text{SURO} - \text{IFWO} - \text{LZET} - \text{UZET} = \text{AGWI} + \text{IGWI} + \text{SURET}$$

## MODFLOW

$$\text{Recharge} = \text{Precipitation} - \text{CEPE} - \text{SURO} - \text{IFWO} - \text{LZET} - \text{UZET}$$

$$\text{Recharge} = \text{AGWI} + \text{IGWI} + \text{SURET}$$



# HSPF Surface ET (SURET)

- Zero except for water and wetlands
- For water and wetlands can be close to potential



# Springs Plus Diffuse Groundwater Discharge to a Reach (Aggregate Discharge)

- Inactive Groundwater Storage Approach
  - Expanded to include
    - Wakulla Springs
    - St. Marks Rise
    - Wacissa Springs
    - Rainbow Springs
    - Silver Springs

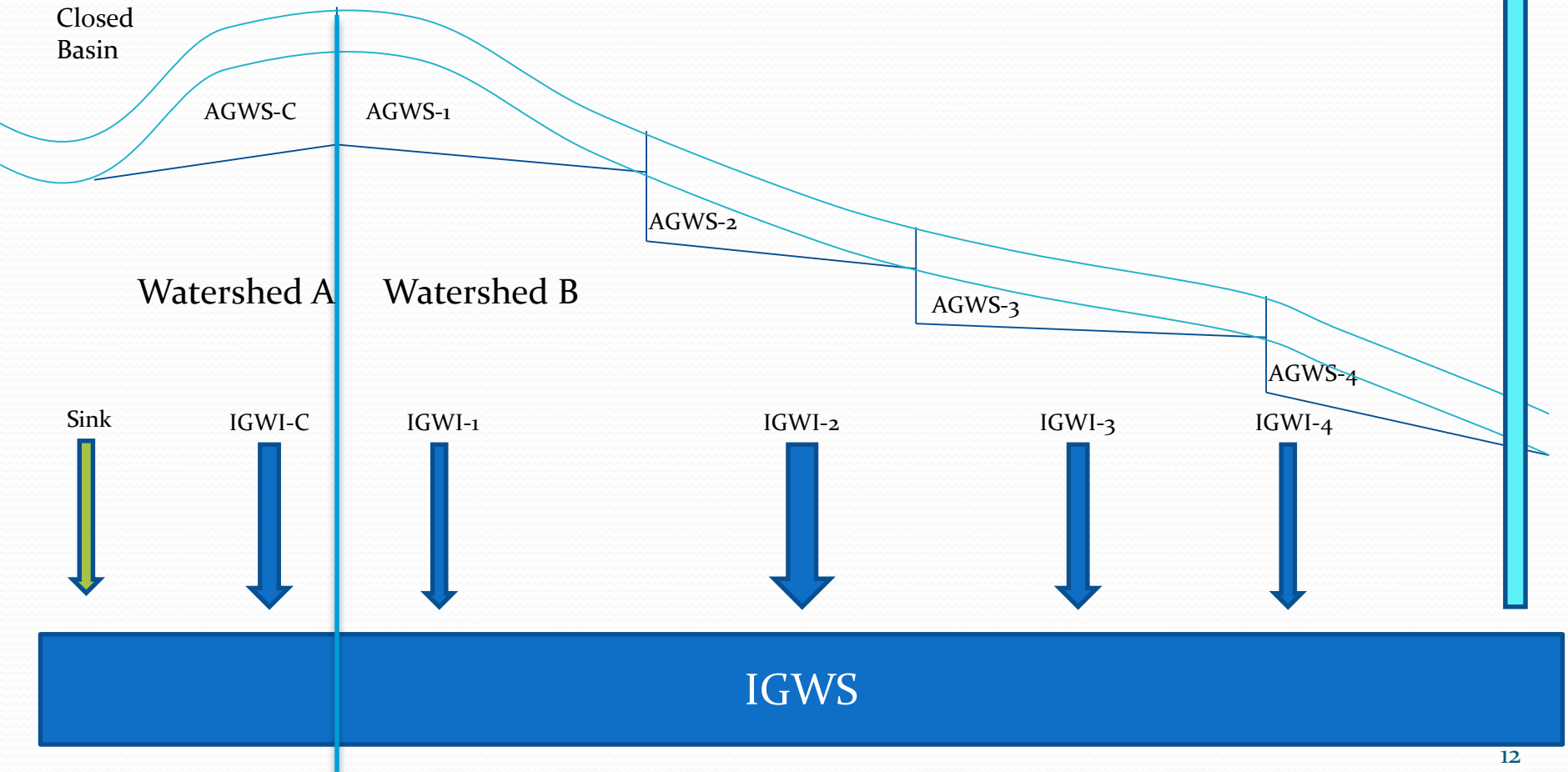




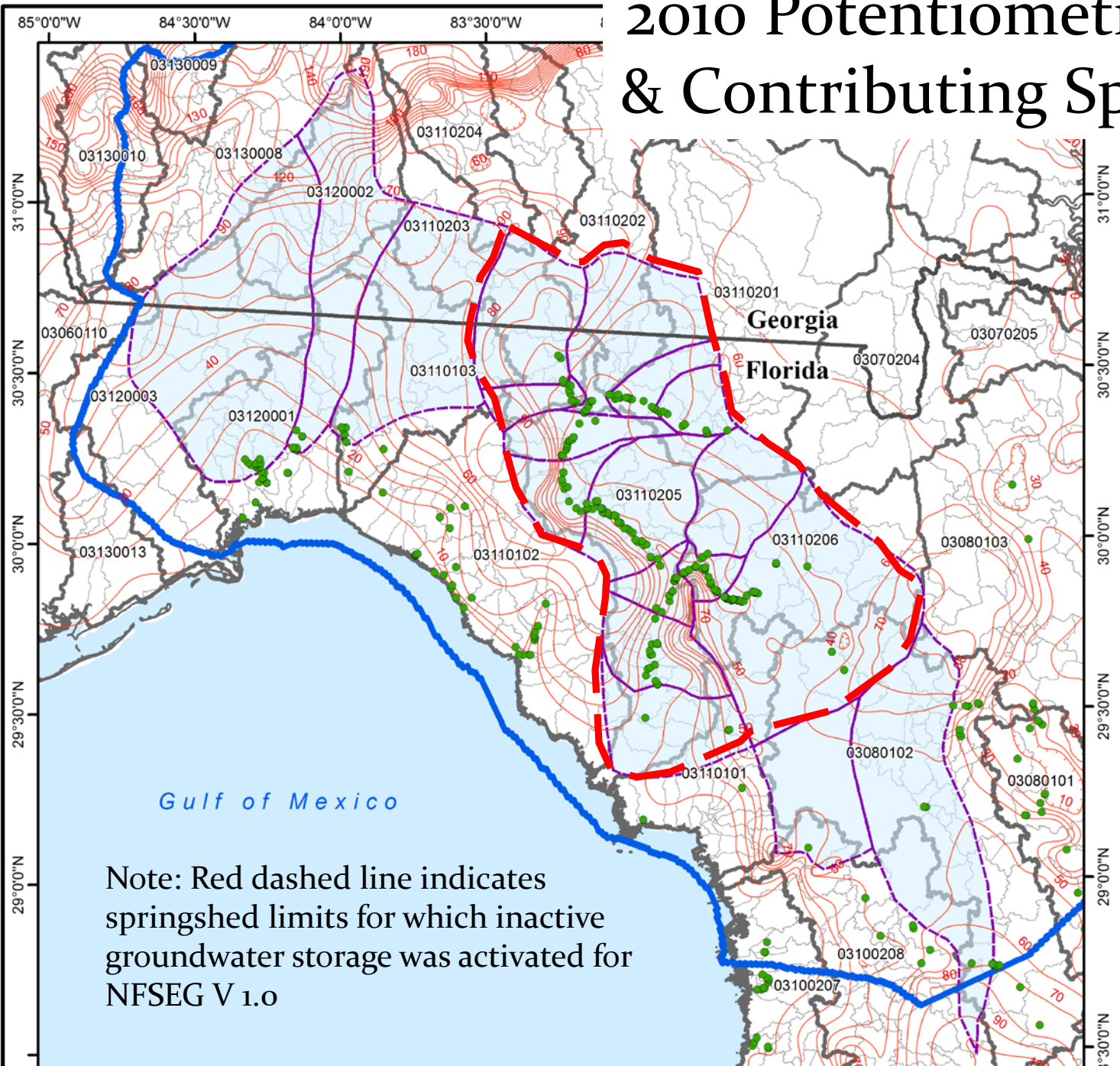
# Plan View of Reaches



# Cross-sectional View of Sub-Watersheds

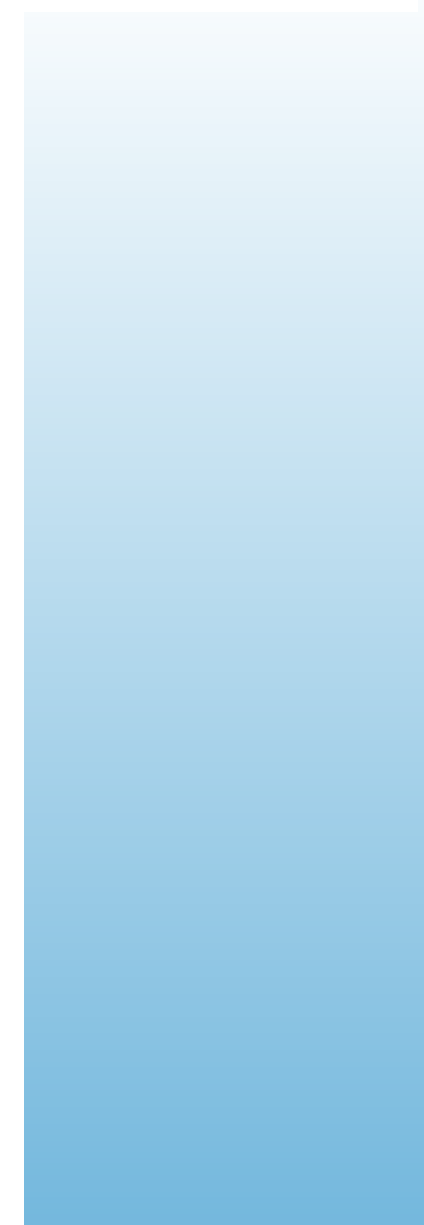
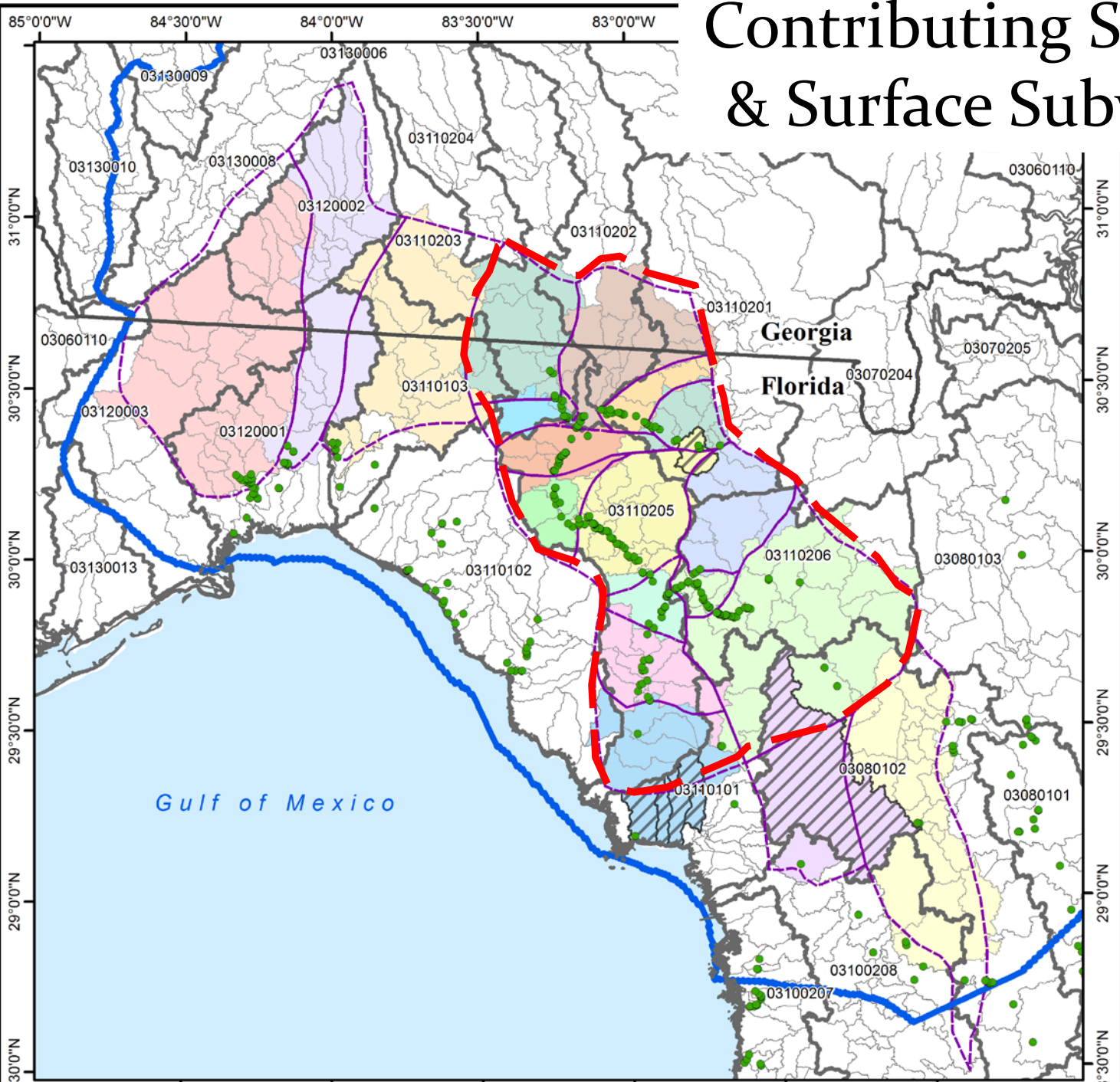


# 2010 Potentiometric Surface & Contributing Springsheds



Note: Red dashed line indicates springshed limits for which inactive groundwater storage was activated for NFSEG V 1.0

# Contributing Springsheds & Surface Subwatersheds



# HSPF Function Table

- Table of stage, area, volume, and outflow
- Linear interpolation between records
- Used primarily in HSPF to route flow in channels and reservoirs (RCHRES) downstream
- Inactive Ground Water Storage (IGWS) implemented as a simple RCHRES that receives no precipitation, nor does it evaporate





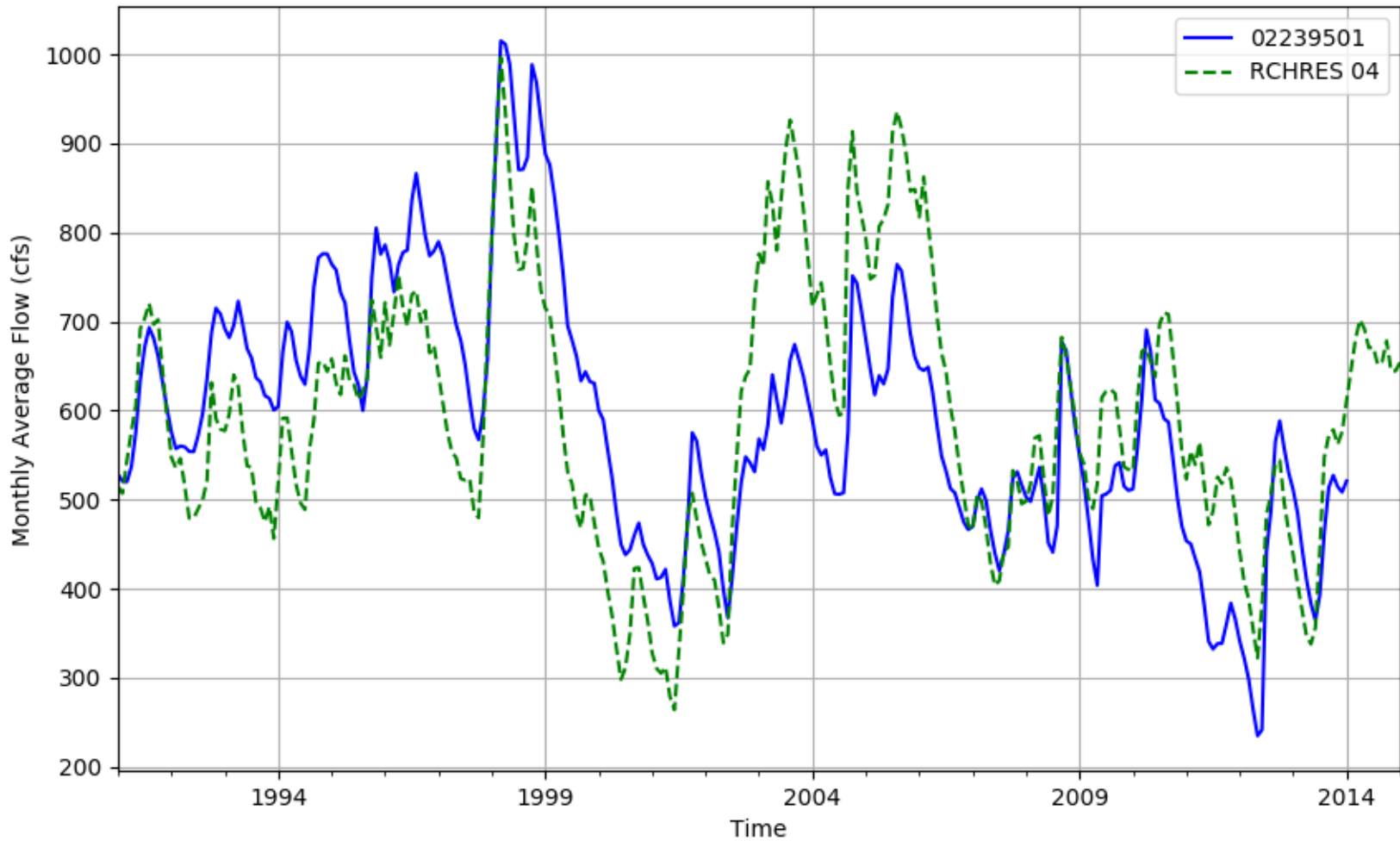
# IGWS Function Table

## Silver Springs

Stage (ft)	Area, approx. area of springshed (acres)	Volume (acre ft)	Flow (cfs)
39.5	779574	0	0
46.5	779574	986973	1525



# Silver Springs



# IGWS Function Table

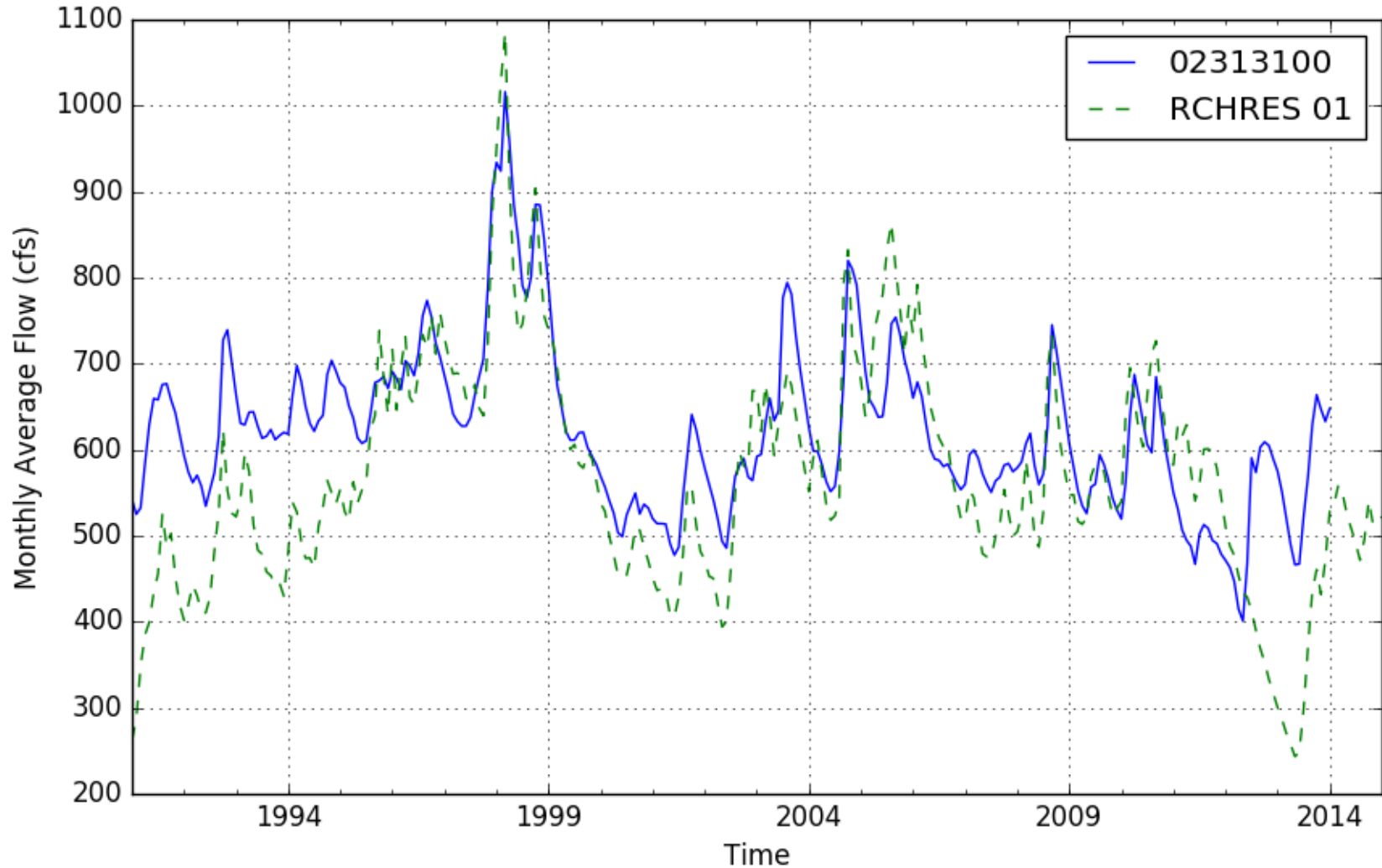
## Rainbow Springs

Stage (ft)	Area, approx. area of springshed (acres)	Volume (acre ft)	Flow (cfs)
0	370000	0	0
10	370000	1480000	1178





# Rainbow Springs

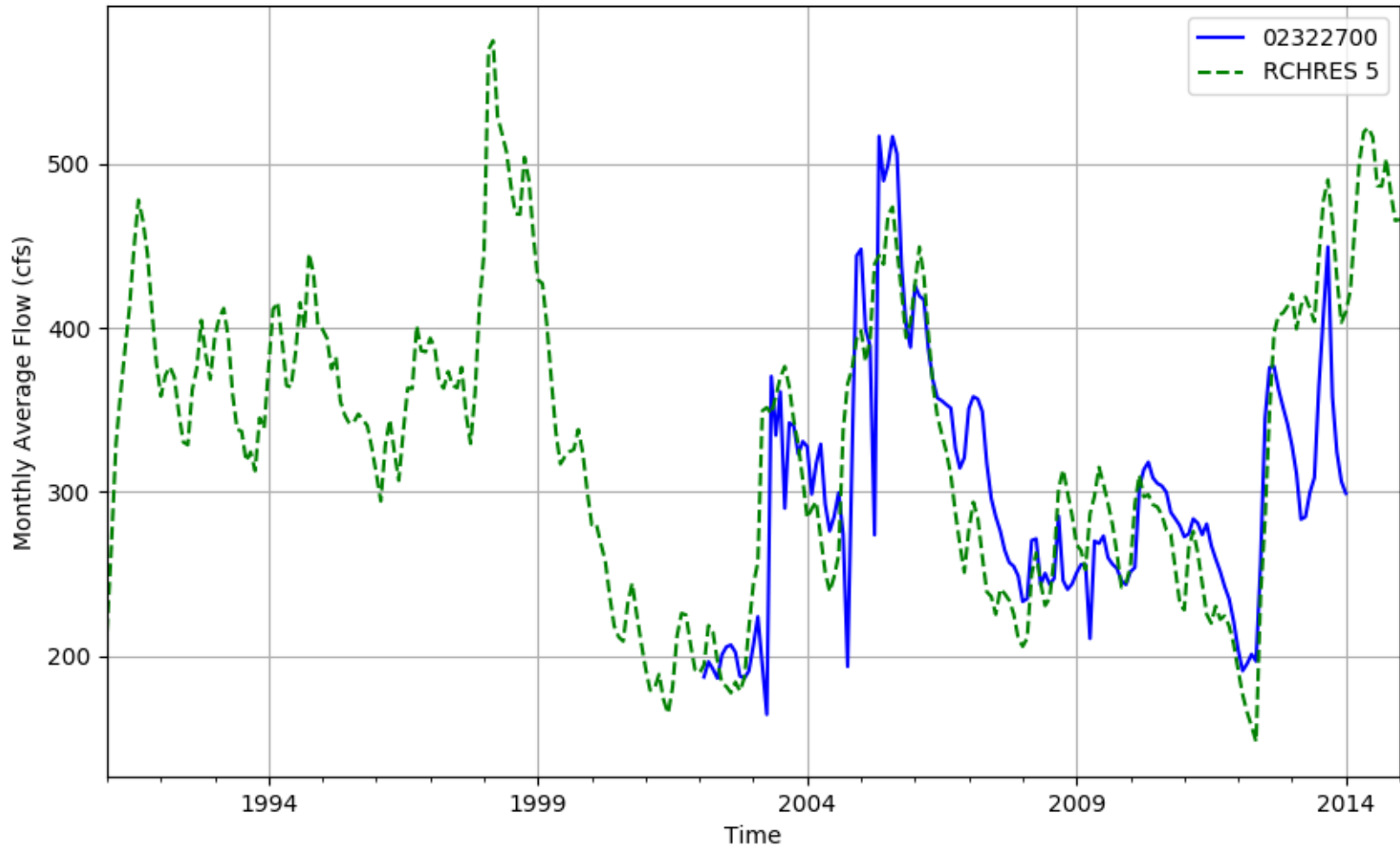


# IGWS Function Table Ichetucknee Springs

Stage (ft)	Area, approx. area of springshed (acres)	Volume (acre ft)	Flow (cfs)
0	239258	0	0
10	239258	600346	899



# Ichetucknee Springs



# Post-Processing

- Develop PERLND ID raster
  - National Land Cover Database (NLCD) 30x30 meter
  - Subwatershed raster
- Develop Look Up Table (LUT)
  - hspfbintoolbox to develop PERLND ID to model output (LUT)
- ViRTual (VRT) spatial dataset
  - [http://www.gdal.org/drv\\_vrt.html](http://www.gdal.org/drv_vrt.html)
  - Allows for efficient transformation of PERLND ID raster to model output raster using LUT
- QGIS is used for visualization of VRTs (<http://qgis.org>)
- Zonal statistics to get average across MODFLOW cell



# Create Raster of PERLND Labels

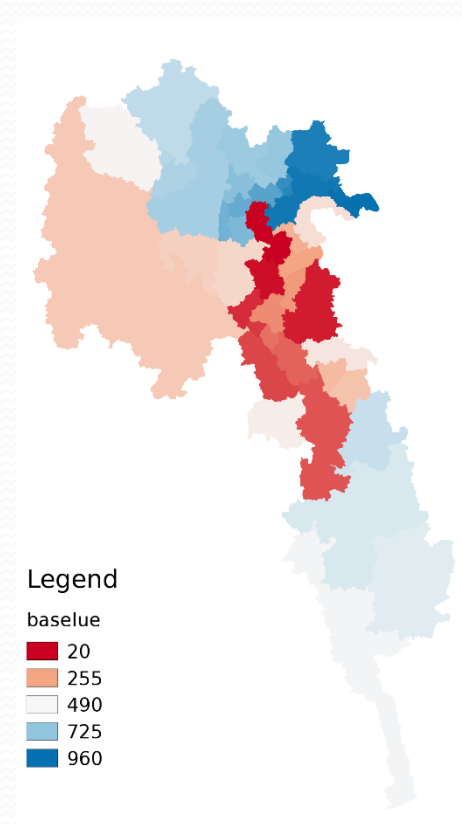
- HSPF PERLND labels 1-999
- PERLND label = RCHRES \* 20 + HSPF Land Cover

NLCD Land Use	HSPF Land Cover Group Assignment	Approximate Percentage of NFSEG Domain
Water-Open	1: Water	3.3
Developed-Open Space	2: Developed Open Space	5.8
Developed-Low Intensity	3: Developed Low Intensity	2.3
Developed-Medium Intensity	4: Developed Medium Intensity	0.6
Developed-High Intensity	5: Developed High Intensity	0.2
Barren Land	6: Open and barren land	0.4
Forest-Deciduous	7: Forest	8.9
Forest-Evergreen	7: Forest	24.9
Forest-Mixed	7: Forest	2.6
Scrub-Scrub	8: Shrub	5.9
Grassland	9: Rangeland	5.6
Agriculture-Pasture	10: Pasture	8.1
Agriculture-Cultivated Crops	11: Agricultural general	8.4
Wetlands-Woody	12: Wetlands	18.9
Wetlands-Emergent Herbaceous	12: Wetlands	4.0

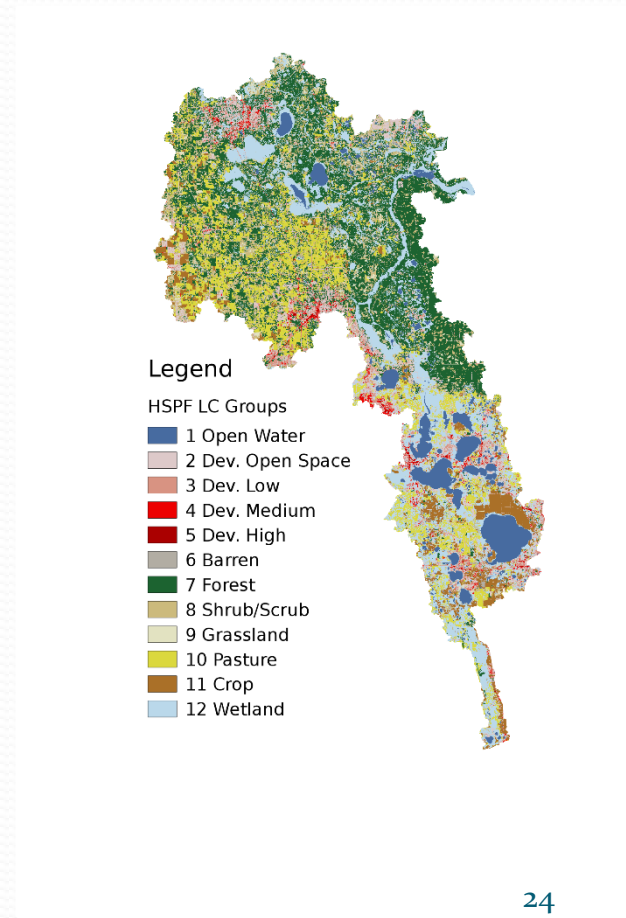


# VRT Raster Look Up Table (LUT)

baselue.vrt

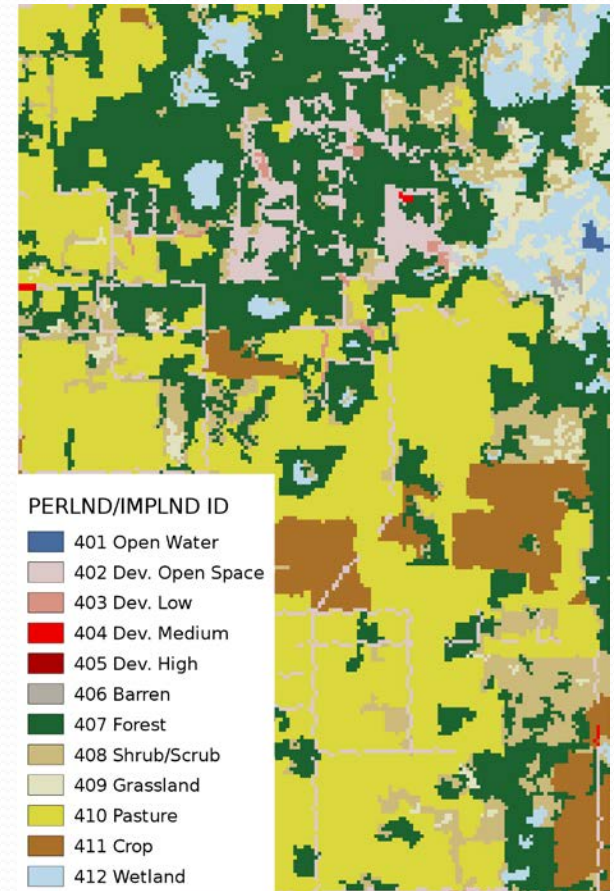


hspflue.vrt



# PERLND Raster

```
gdal_calc.py
  -A baselue.vrt
  -B hspf_lc.vrt
  --calc=A+B
  --outfile=lue.tif
  --NoDataValue=-9999
  --type=Int16
  --co COMPRESS=DEFLATE
  --co PREDICTOR=2
  --co TILED=YES
  --overwrite
```





# hspfbintoolbox

- hspfbintoolbox extracts results from HSPF binary files
- Python, cross-platform tool
- Command line and Python library
- Installation (typical):  

```
pip install hspfbintoolbox
```
- Used to create Look Up Tables for nearly all HSPF variables, yearly, and monthly

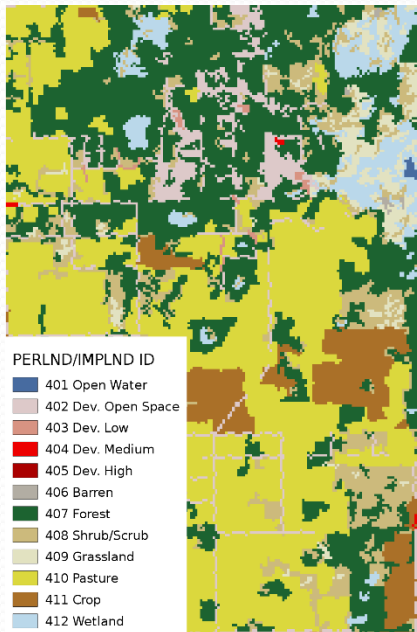


# VRT Raster Look Up Table (LUT)

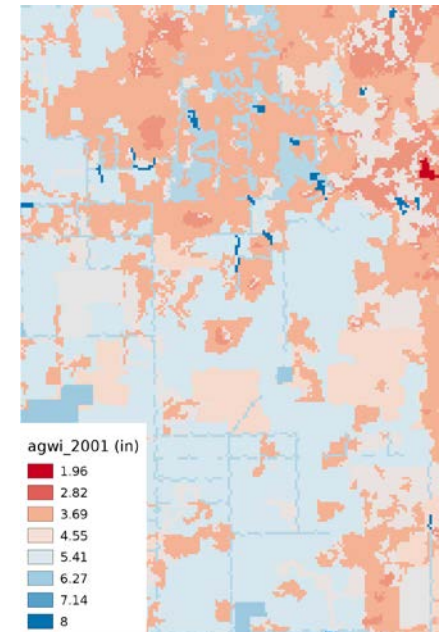
PERLND ID



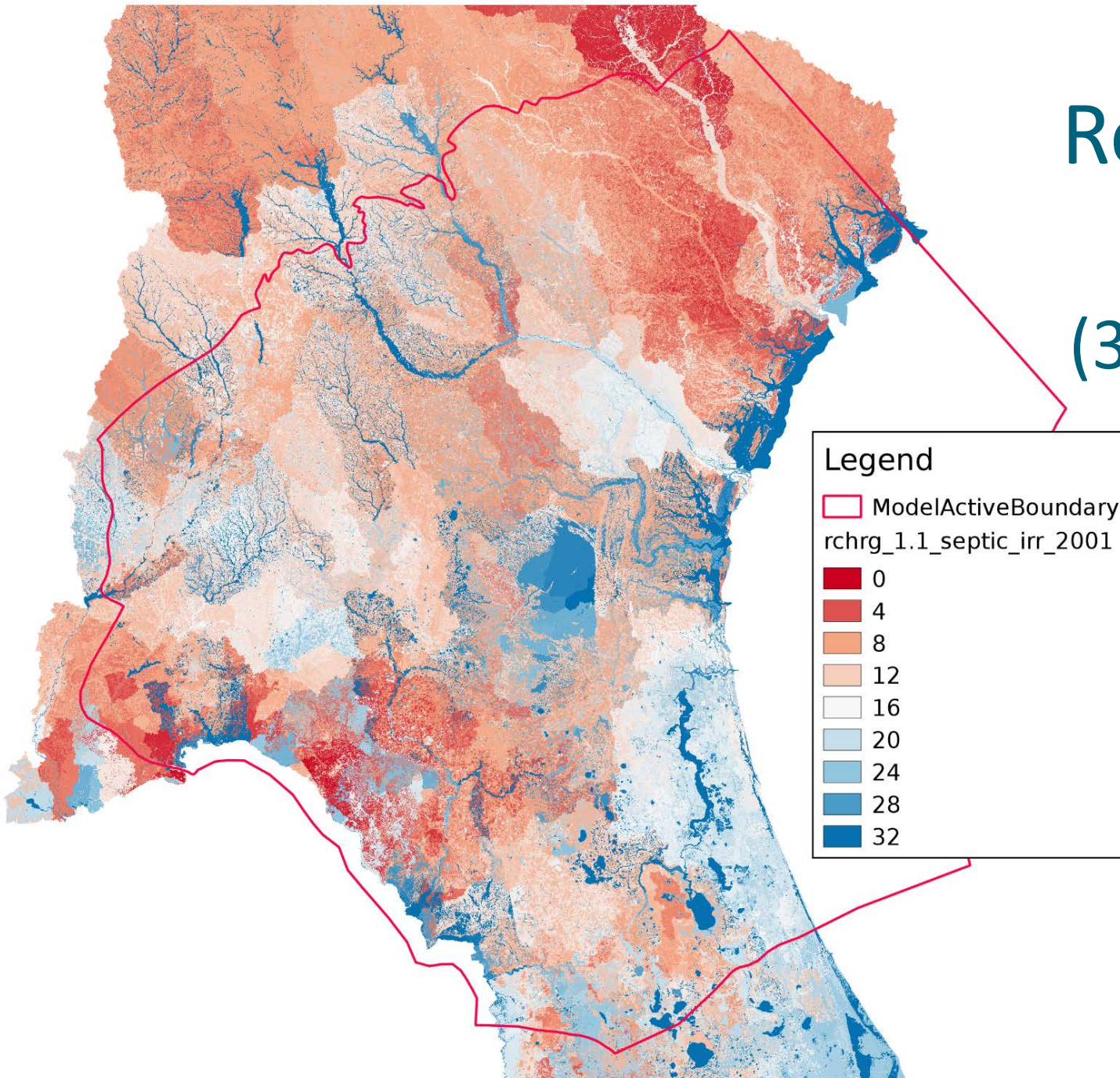
agwi\_septic\_irr\_2001.vrt



```
<VRTDataset rasterXSize="3554" rasterYSize="
<SRS>PROJCS["NAD83(HARN) / Florida GDI
<GeoTransform> 5.3594982359709428e+05,
<VRTRasterBand
  dataType="Float32" band="1">
  <NoDataValue>-9999</NoDataValue>
  <ComplexSource>
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      ../gis/lue_irr.tif</SourceFilename>
    <SourceBand>1</SourceBand>
    <SourceProperties RasterXSize="3554" Rast
  <SrcRect xOff="0" yOff="0" xSize="3554" yS
  <DstRect xOff="0" yOff="0" xSize="3554" yS
  <NODATA>0</NODATA>
  <LUT>401:1.9615,402:5.9667,403:40.548,404
  </ComplexSource>
</VRTRasterBand>
</VRTDataset>
```

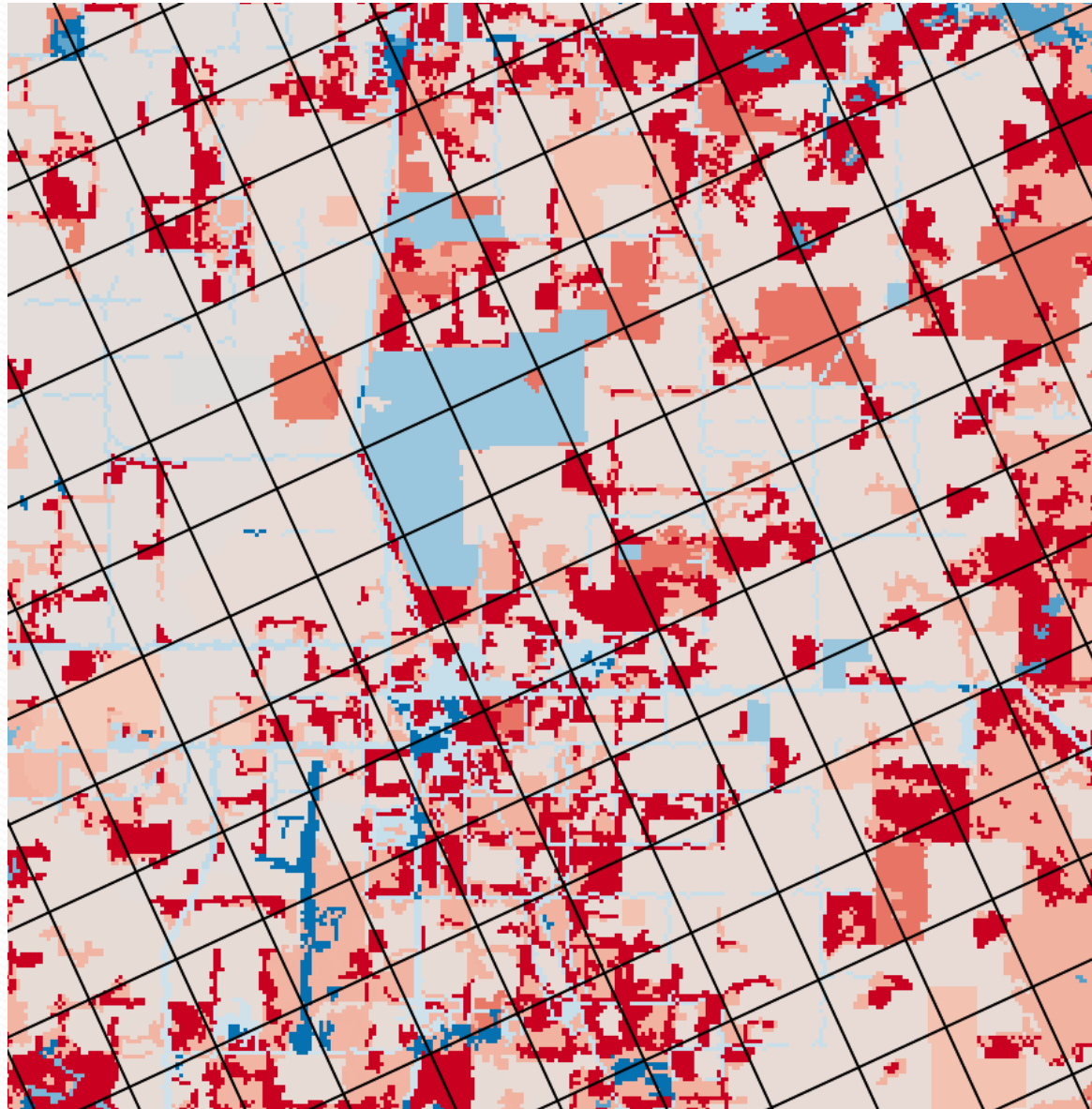


# Recharge 2001 (30m Grid)

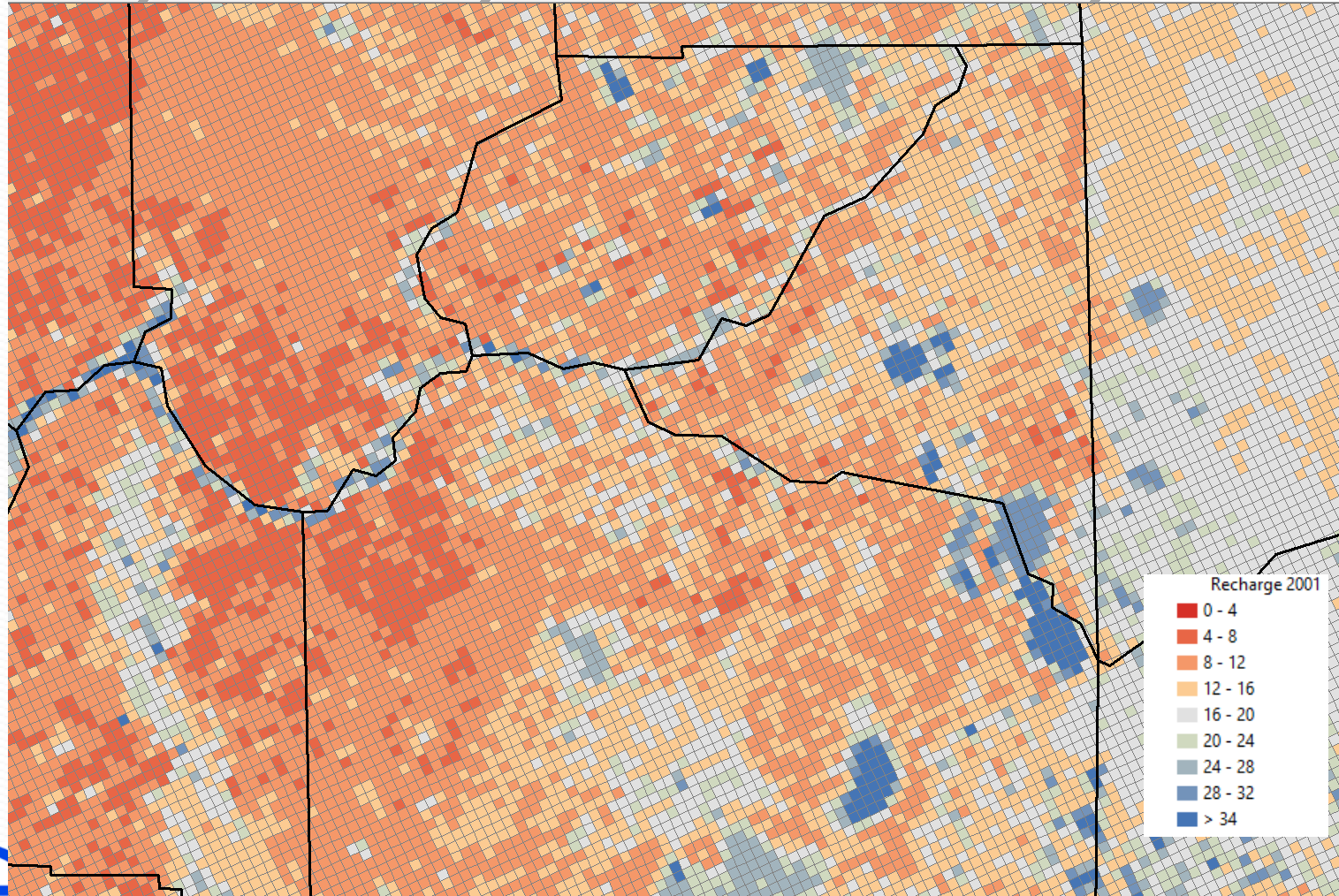




# Zonal Statistics



# RECHARGE 2001 - MODFLOW GRID



# Next Steps - HSPF

- Implement areal recharge for select closed basins
- Currently simulated as sinks with direct injection to Layer 3
- Other feedback from peer review panel



# Overview Of Phase 1 Interim Results – MODFLOW Case 004b

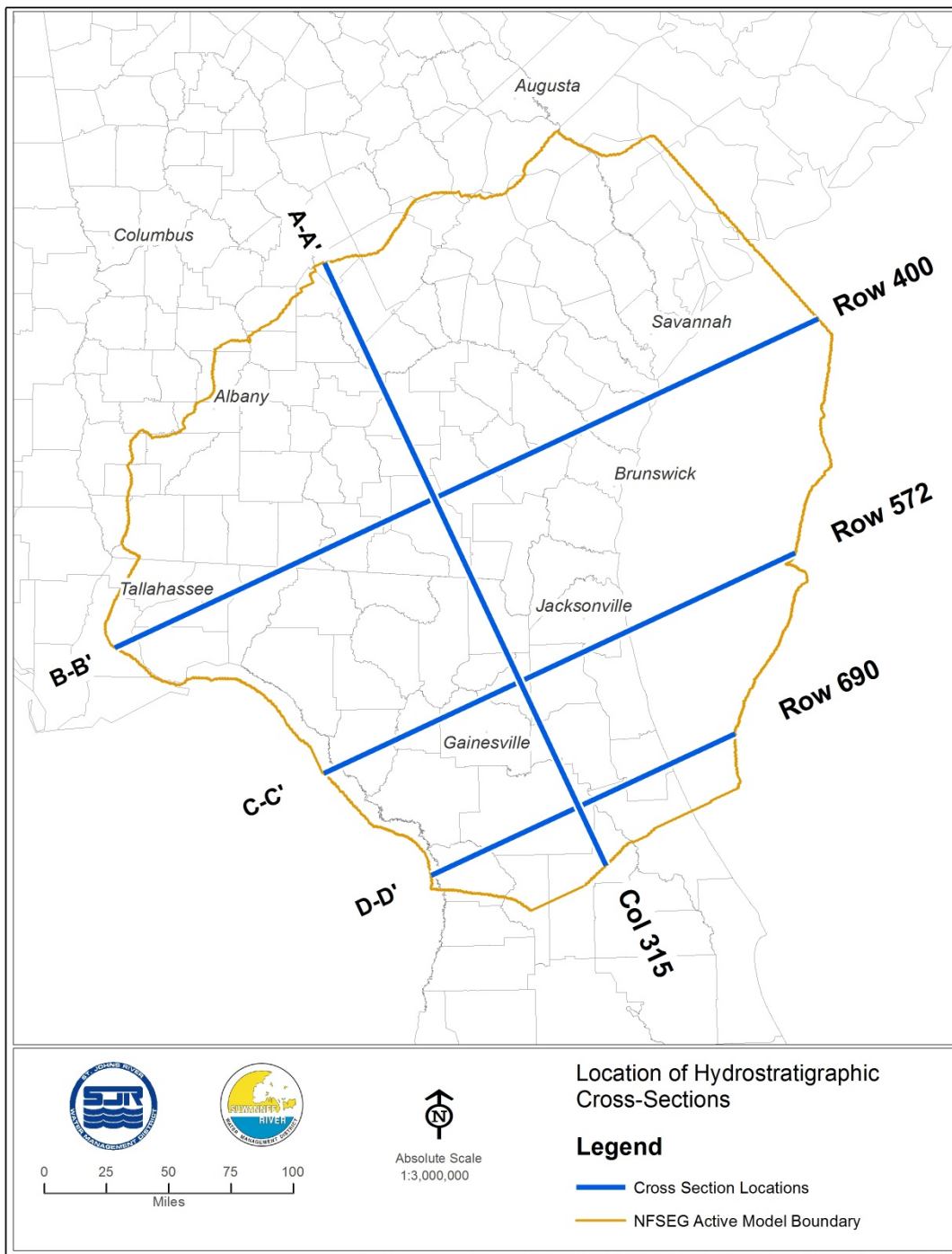


# Improvements/Status

- Merged multiple river and drain boundaries used to represent flowlines within individual grid cells into single river and drain boundaries
- Updated methodology for calibration of river and drain conductances
- Updated Recharge and MSET arrays
- Created synthetic SAS water-level targets in areas where simulated SAS water levels were deemed too high or low but available SAS observations were unavailable or sparse
- Improved spring flow estimates
- Added additional flowlines to areas of simulated flooding
- Removed MNW<sub>2</sub> wells with flux rates of 0 cfs
- **Effects of listed changes include:**
  - improved representation of groundwater levels and flows
  - increased model stability and decreased model runtimes.



# Cross Section Locations



Absolute Scale  
1:3,000,000



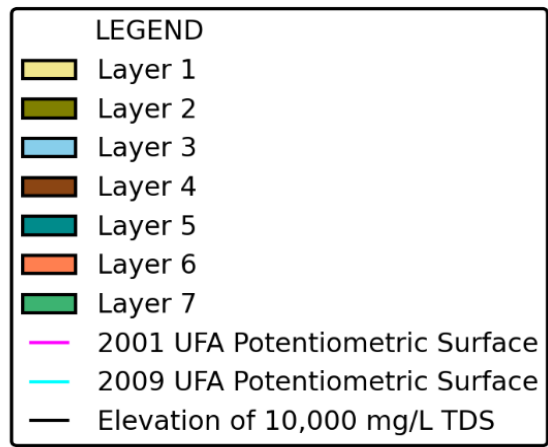
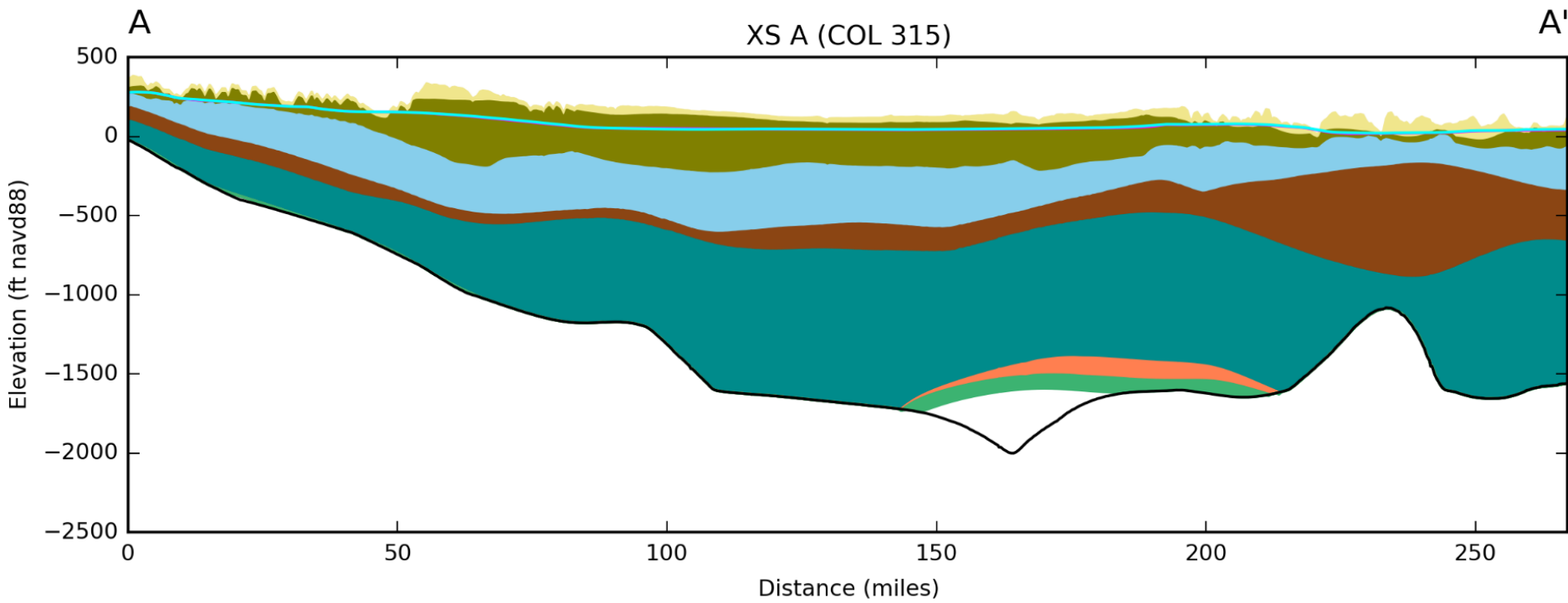


Figure # Cross Sections  
XS A (COL 315)

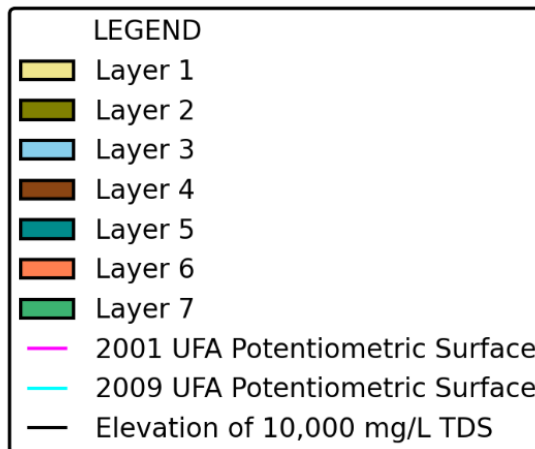
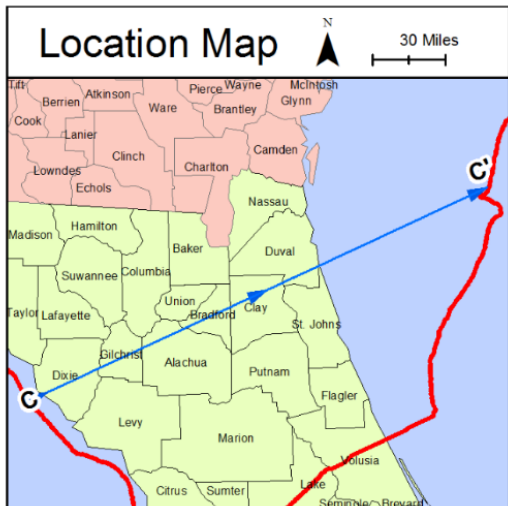
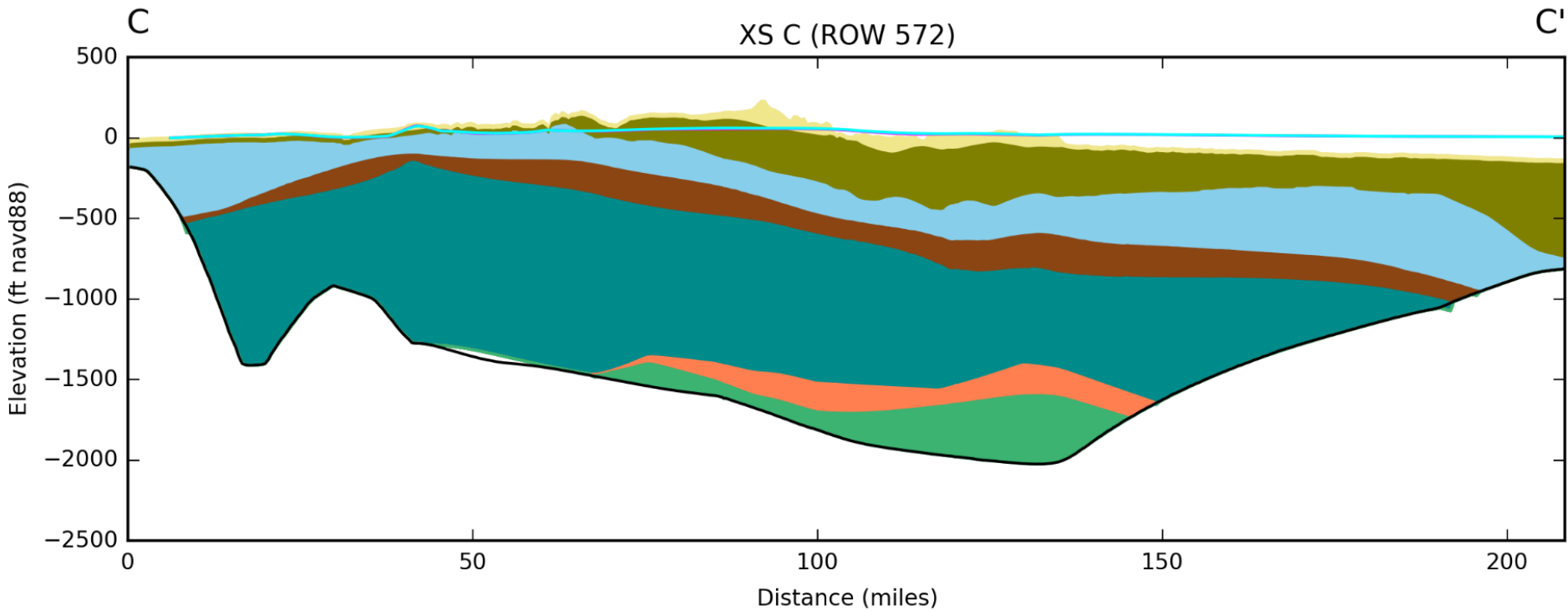
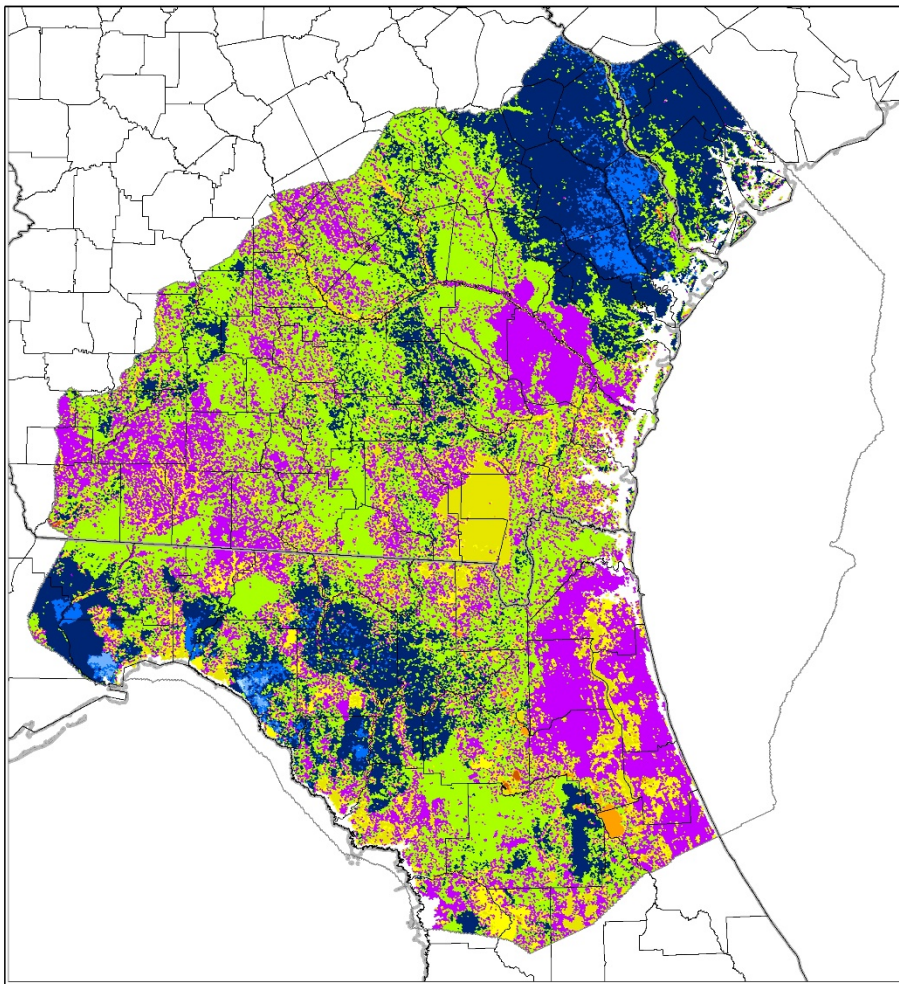


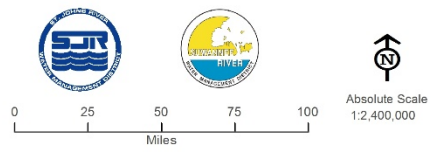
Figure # Cross Sections  
XS C (ROW 572)



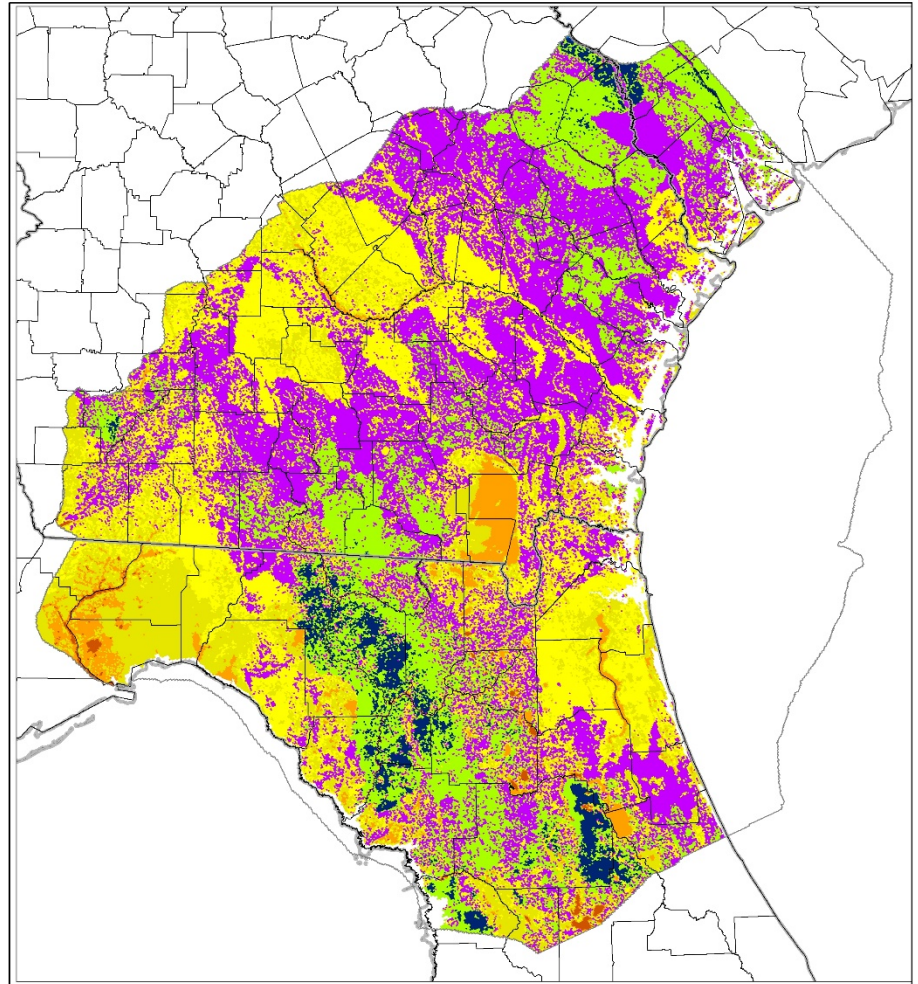


2001 Assigned Recharge Rates  
(Inches/Year)

(shown as white where not applied)

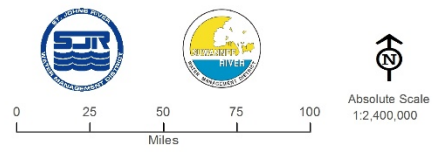


rchrg01	
0.0 - 1.0	5.1 - 10.0
1.1 - 2.5	10.1 - 15.0
2.6 - 5.0	15.1 - 20.0
	20.1 - 25.0
	25.1 - 35.0
	35.1 - 45.0
	45.1 - 100.0
	100.1 - 150.0



2009 Assigned Recharge Rates  
(Inches/Year)

(shown as white where not applied)



rchrg09	
0.0 - 1.0	5.1 - 10.0
1.1 - 2.5	10.1 - 15.0
2.6 - 5.0	15.1 - 20.0
	20.1 - 25.0
	25.1 - 35.0
	35.1 - 45.0
	45.1 - 100.0
	100.1 - 150.0



# Recharge 2001/2009







# Calibration/History Match Objectives

- Fundamental objective:
  - Develop improved tool to support water-supply decision making
- Guiding principles:
  - Make efficient use of available data
  - Employ observations that inform predictions of interest
  - Utilize a wide variety of observation types
  - Uncertainty analysis of model parameters and key predictions
  - Provide a framework for continued improvement in the model and its use to support decision making
- Objectives:
  - Aspire to parameter and prediction estimates that are, ideally, unbiased and of minimum error variance
  - Avoid overfitting (can increase predictive uncertainty)
  - Reasonable estimates of parameter values





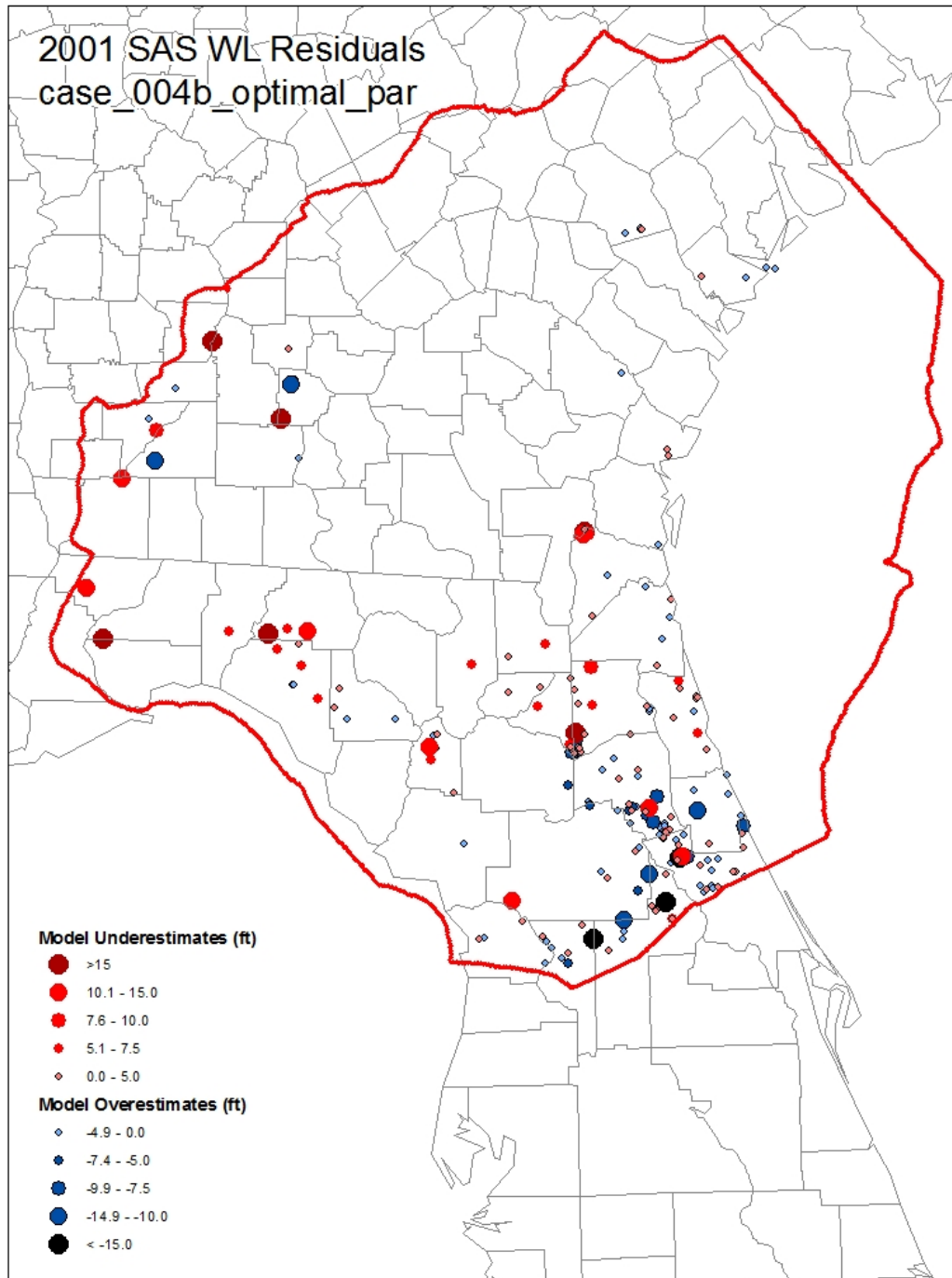
# Calibration Statistics – Case 004b

Statistical Criterion	Proposed Target	All Target Wells		Model Layer 1		Model Layer 3		Model Layer 5	
		2001	2009	2001	2009	2001	2009	2001	2009
-5 feet < Residual < 5 feet	80%	69	71	69	76	73	72	59	61
-2.5 feet < Residual < 2.5 feet	50%	40	46	41	52	43	46	31	46
Mean Error		-0.04	0.06	0.65	0.84	-0.73	-0.79	0.57	0.92
Root Mean Square of Error		7.12	8.82	7.53	11.87	5.05	4.94	5.28	5.41
Mean Absolute Error		4.59	4.72	4.95	5.41	3.81	3.71	4.40	4.17
Number of Targets		1357	1721	228	567	979	990	39	41

*Note: The proposed target statistical criterion are aspirational, not absolute.*



2001 SAS WL Residuals  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



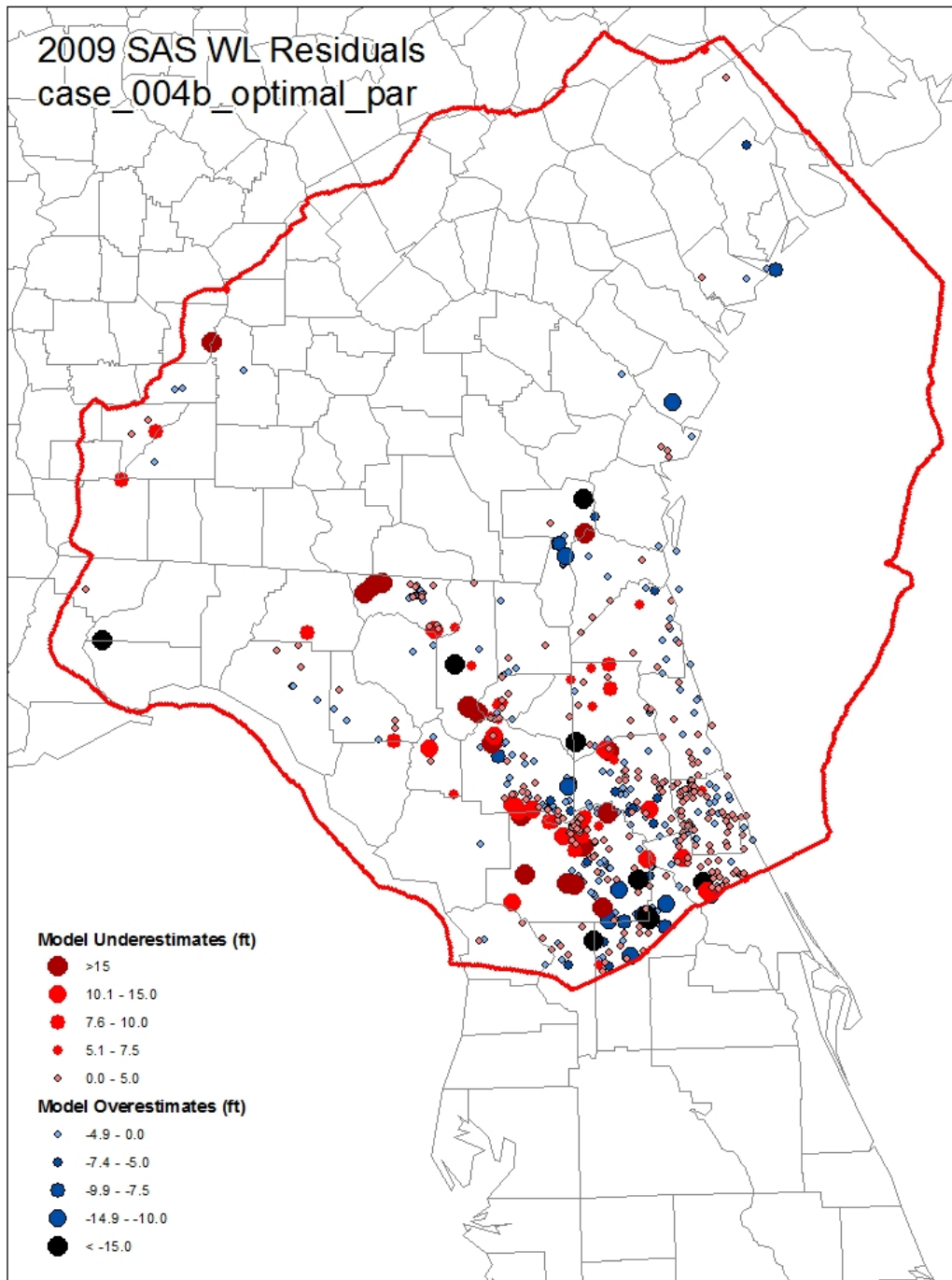
# GW Level Residuals

## Layer 1

## 2001



2009 SAS WL Residuals  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



# GW Level Residuals

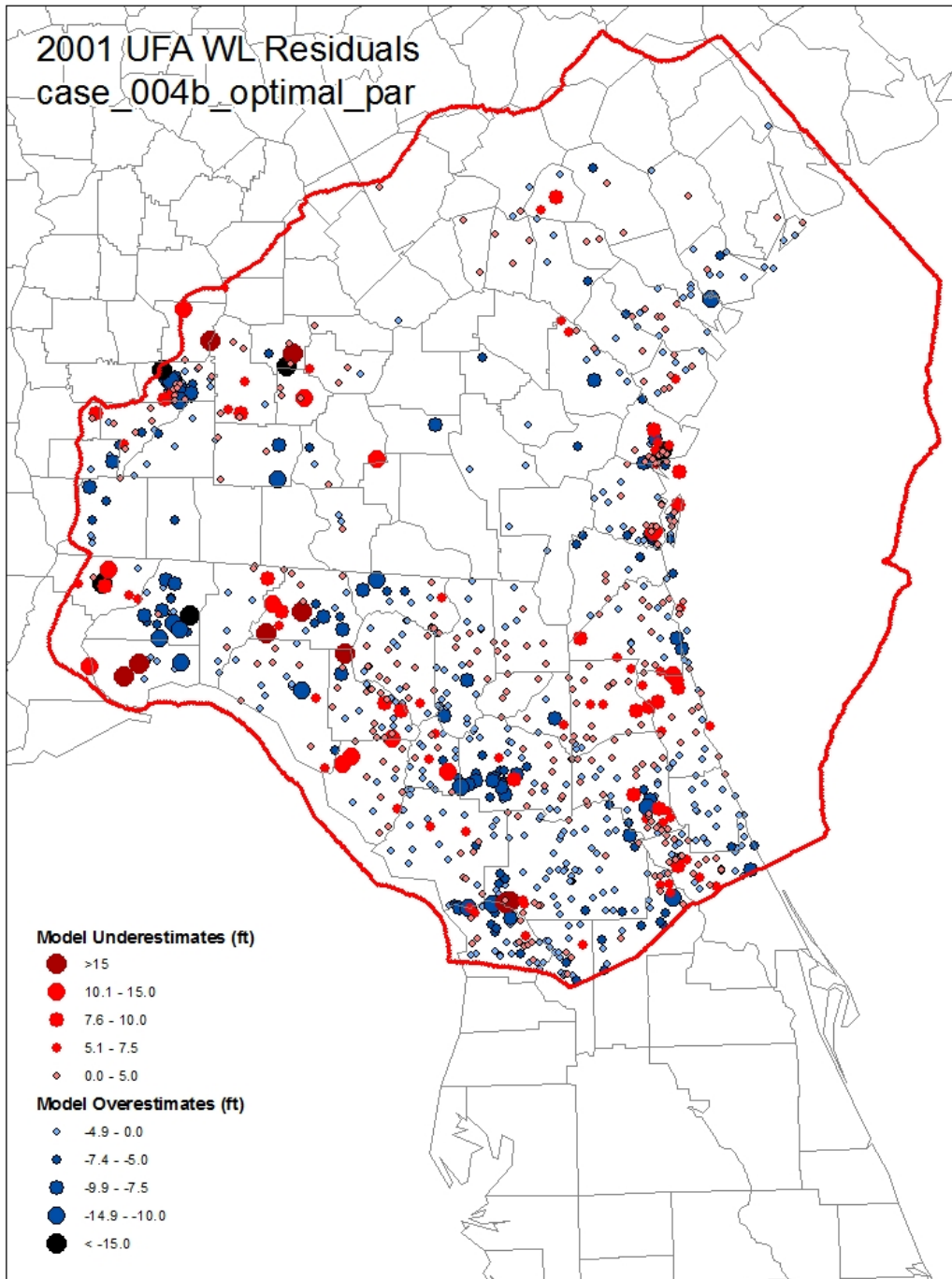
## Layer 1

# 2009

Note: includes synthetic targets



2001 UFA WL Residuals  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



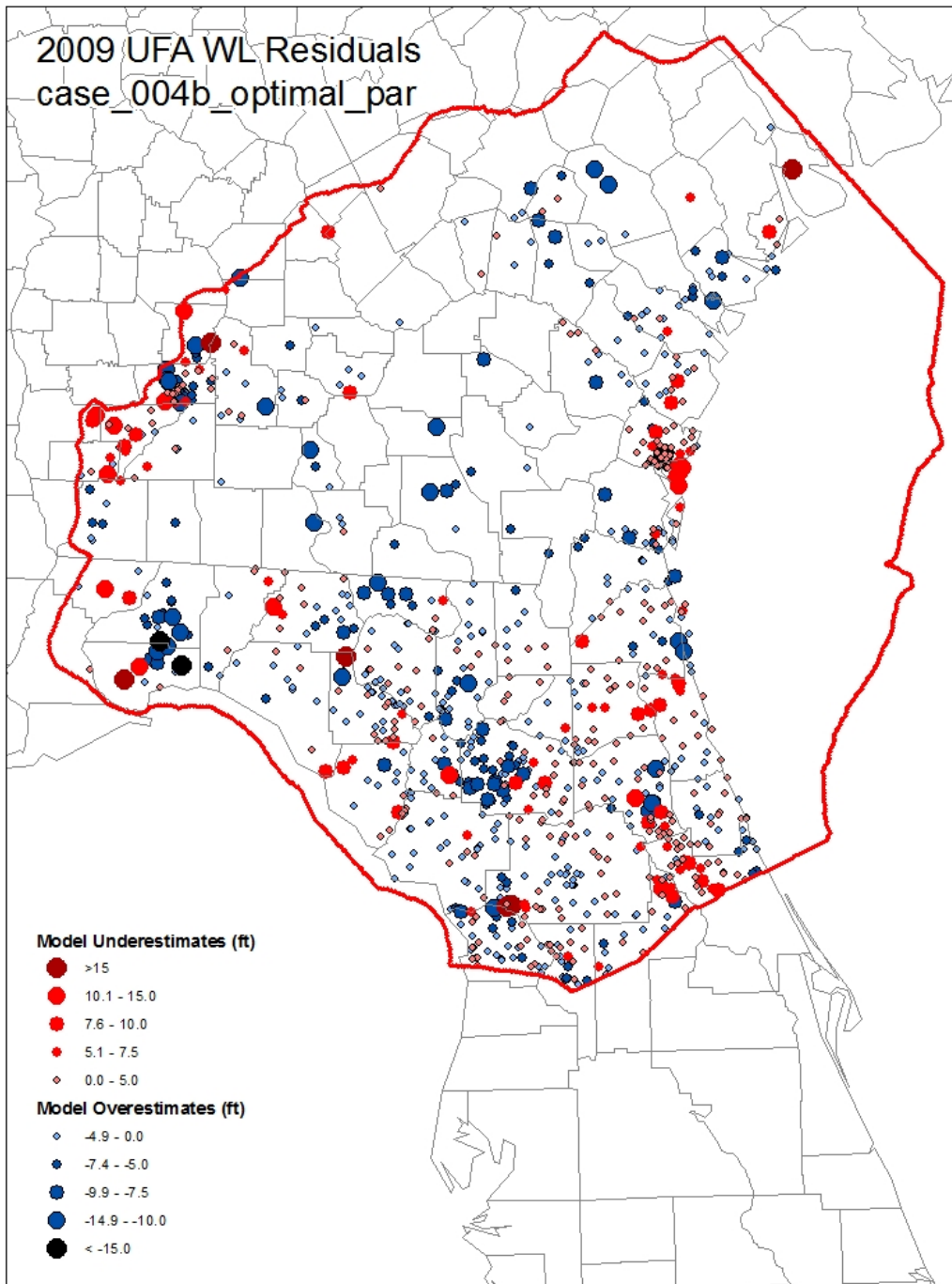
# GW Level Residuals

## Layer 3

## 2001



2009 UFA WL Residuals  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



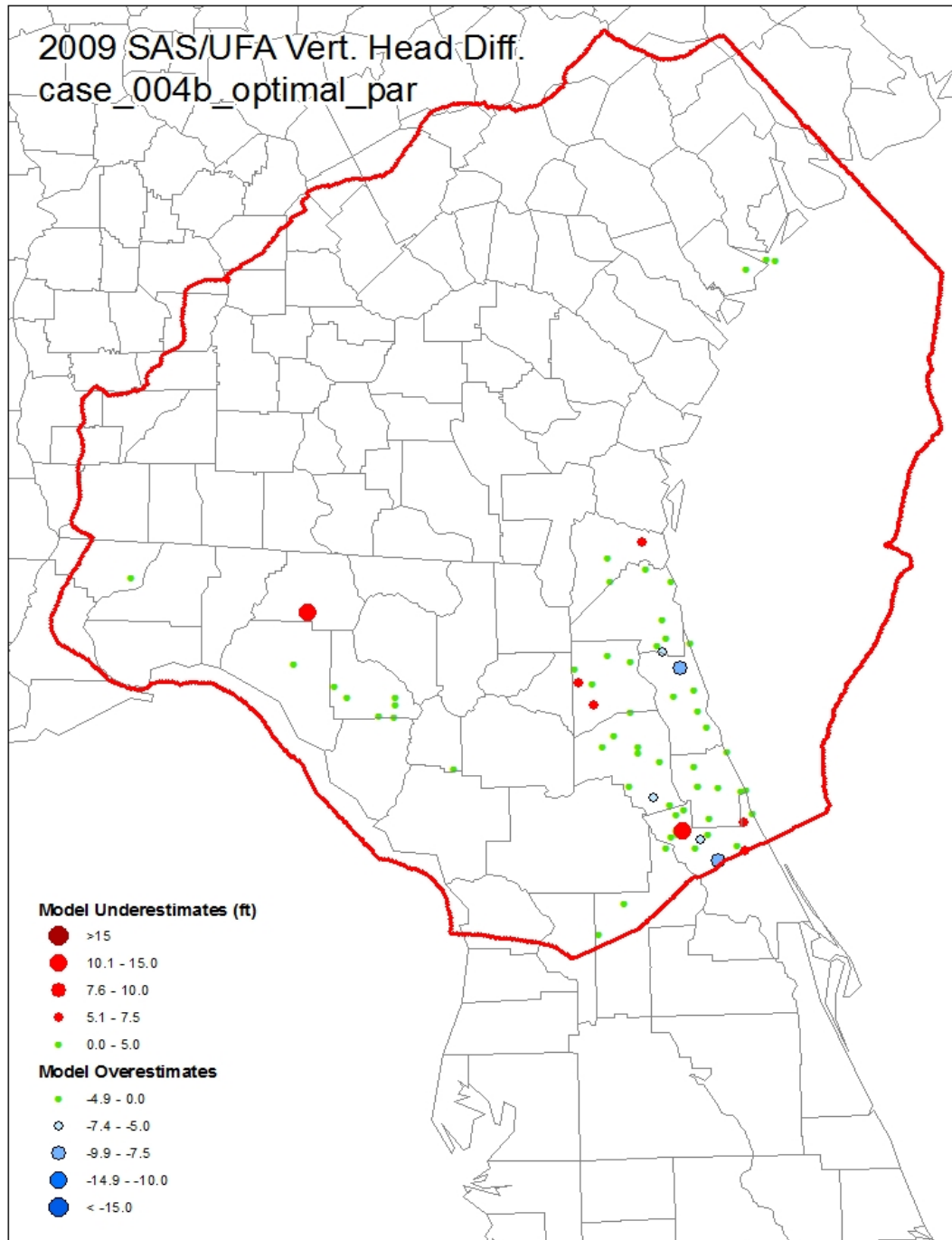
# GW Level Residuals

## Model Layer 3

2009



2009 SAS/UFA Vert. Head Diff.  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



# Vertical Head Difference Residuals

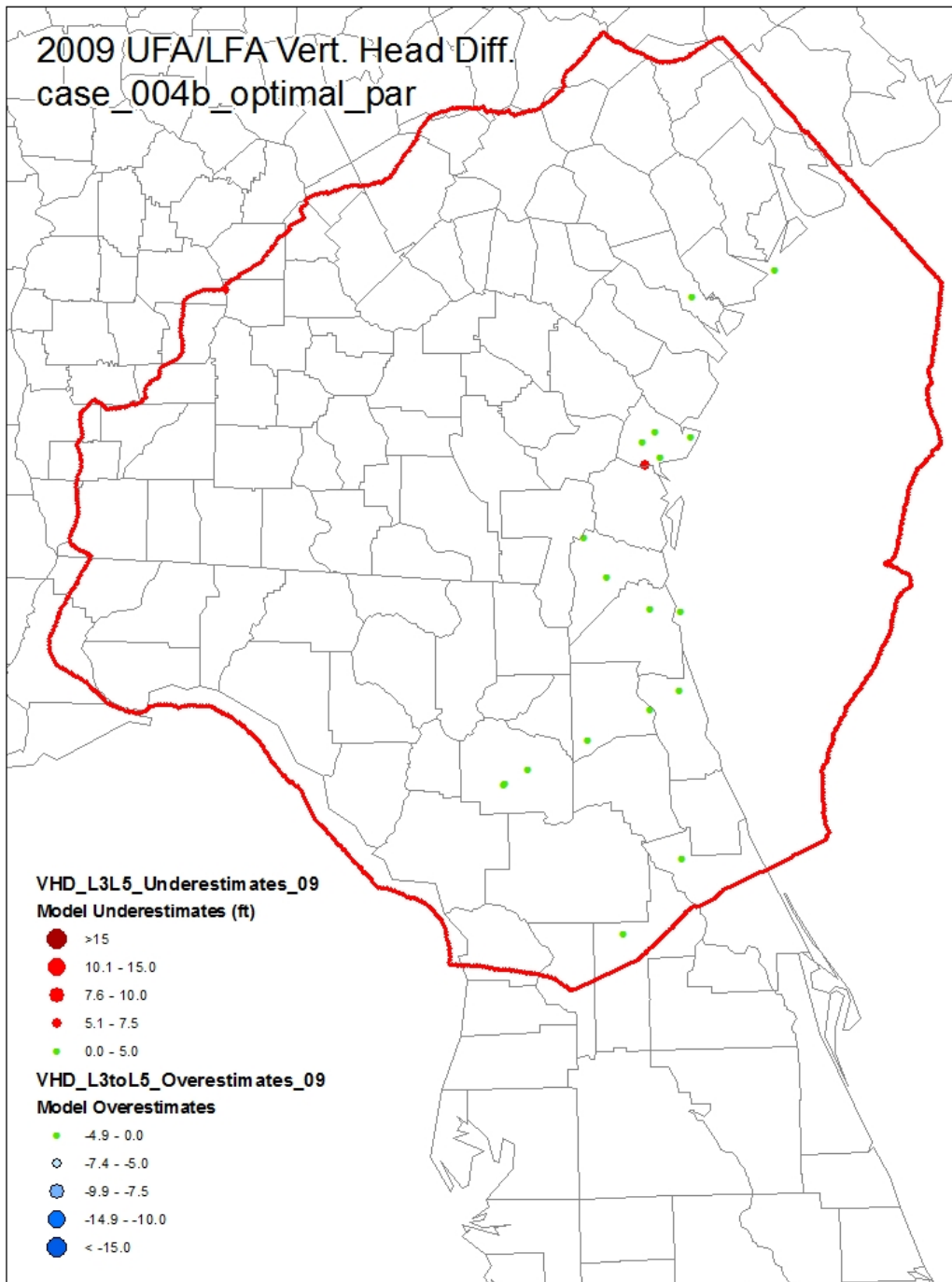
Differences between model Layers 1 and 3

2009





2009 UFA/LFA Vert. Head Diff.  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



# Vertical Head Difference Residuals

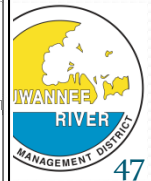
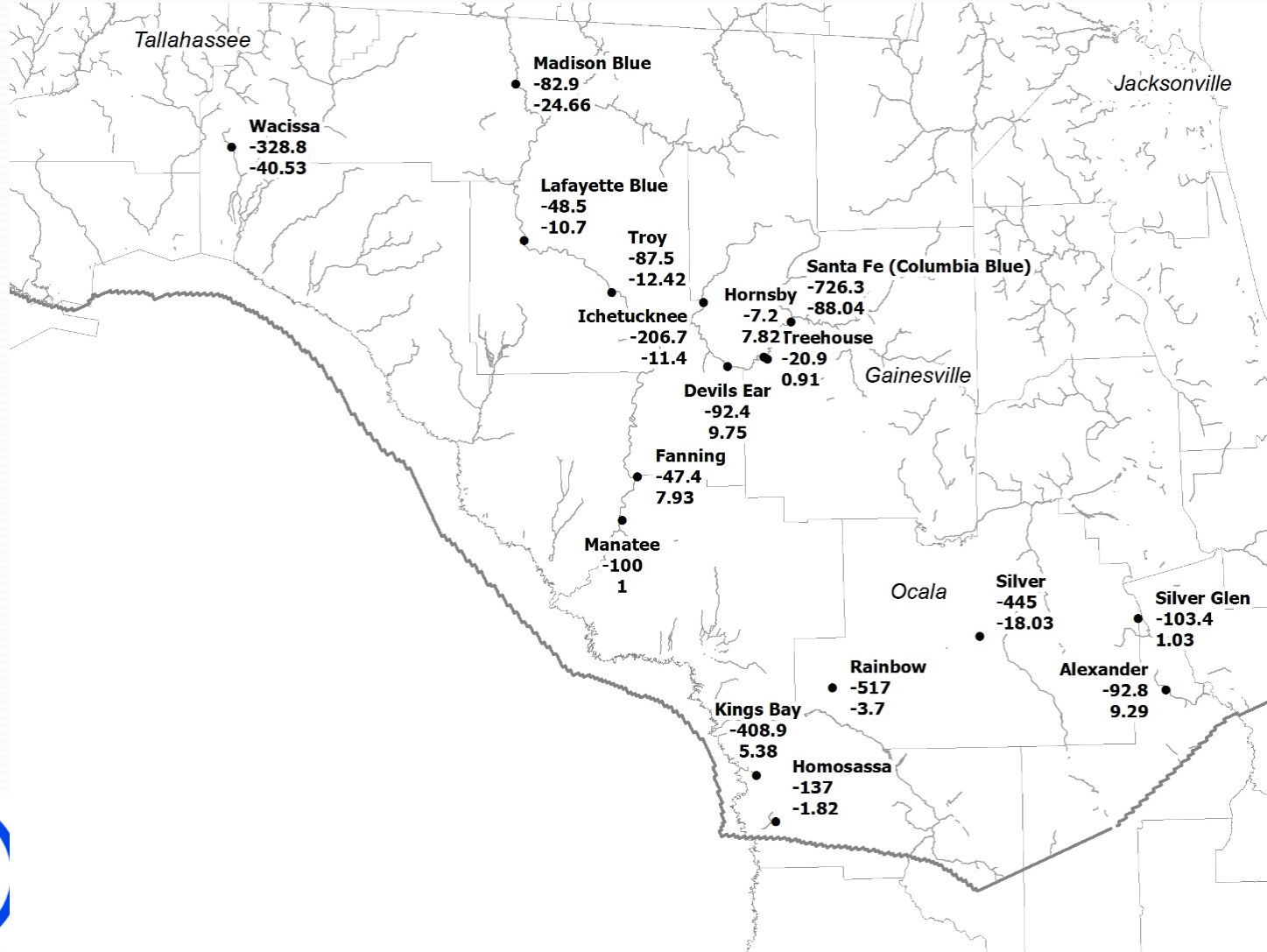
Differences  
between model  
Layers 3 and 5

2009



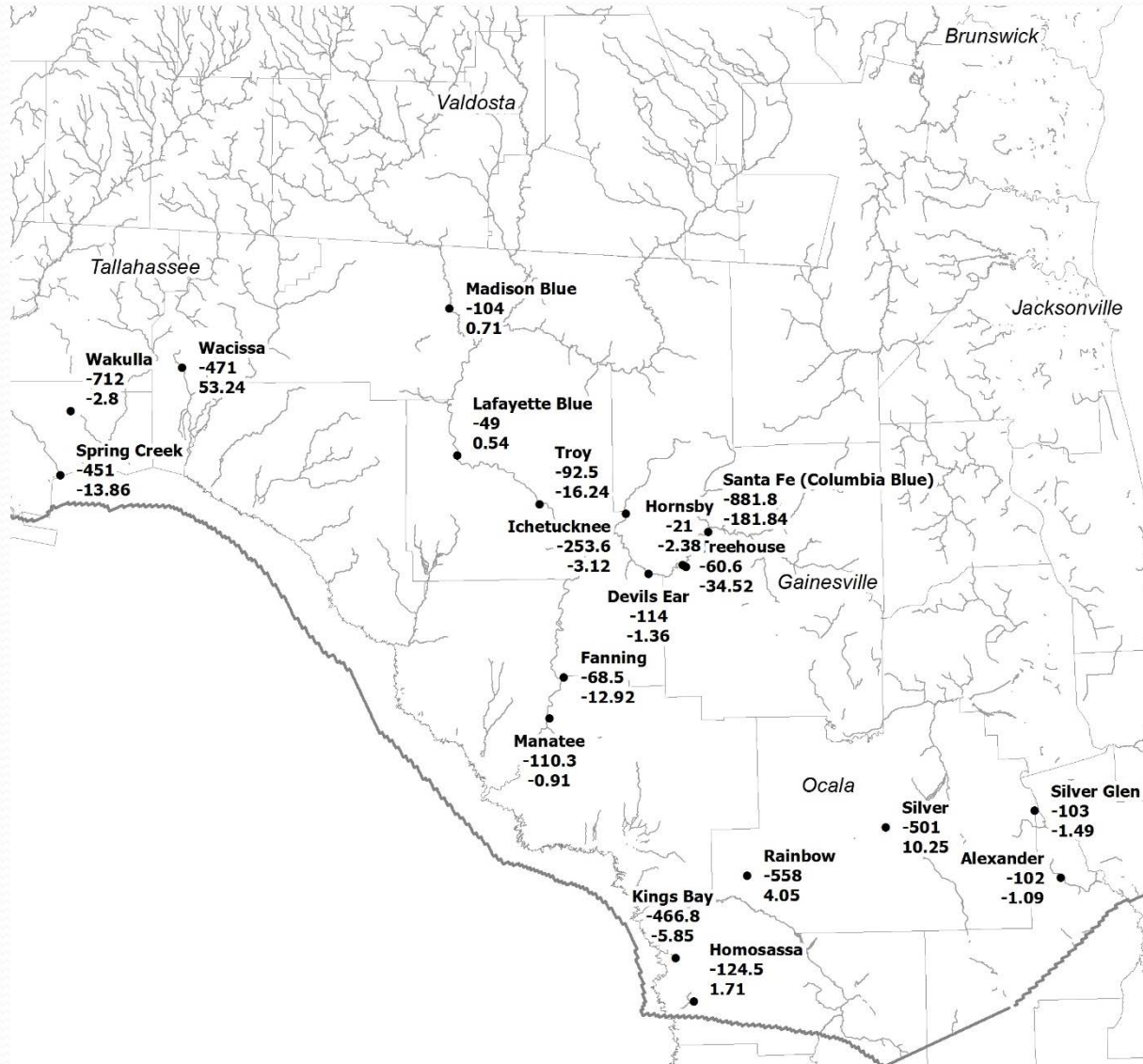
# Magnitude 1 Springs & Spring Groups

## 2001 Observed Flows and Residuals (cfs)



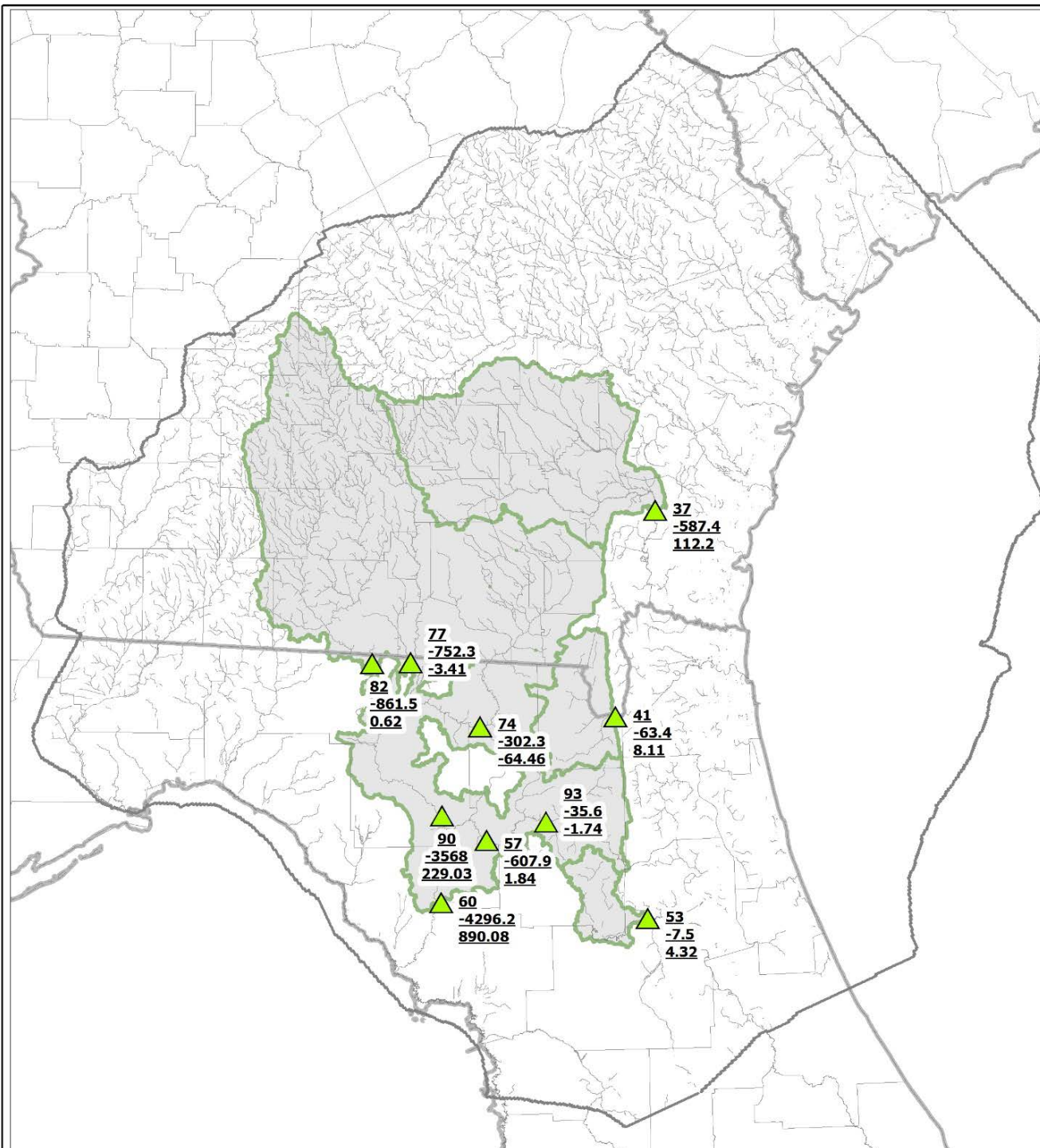
# Magnitude 1 Springs & Spring Groups

## 2009 Observed Flows and Residuals (cfs)



# Estimated Cumulative Baseflows and Residuals

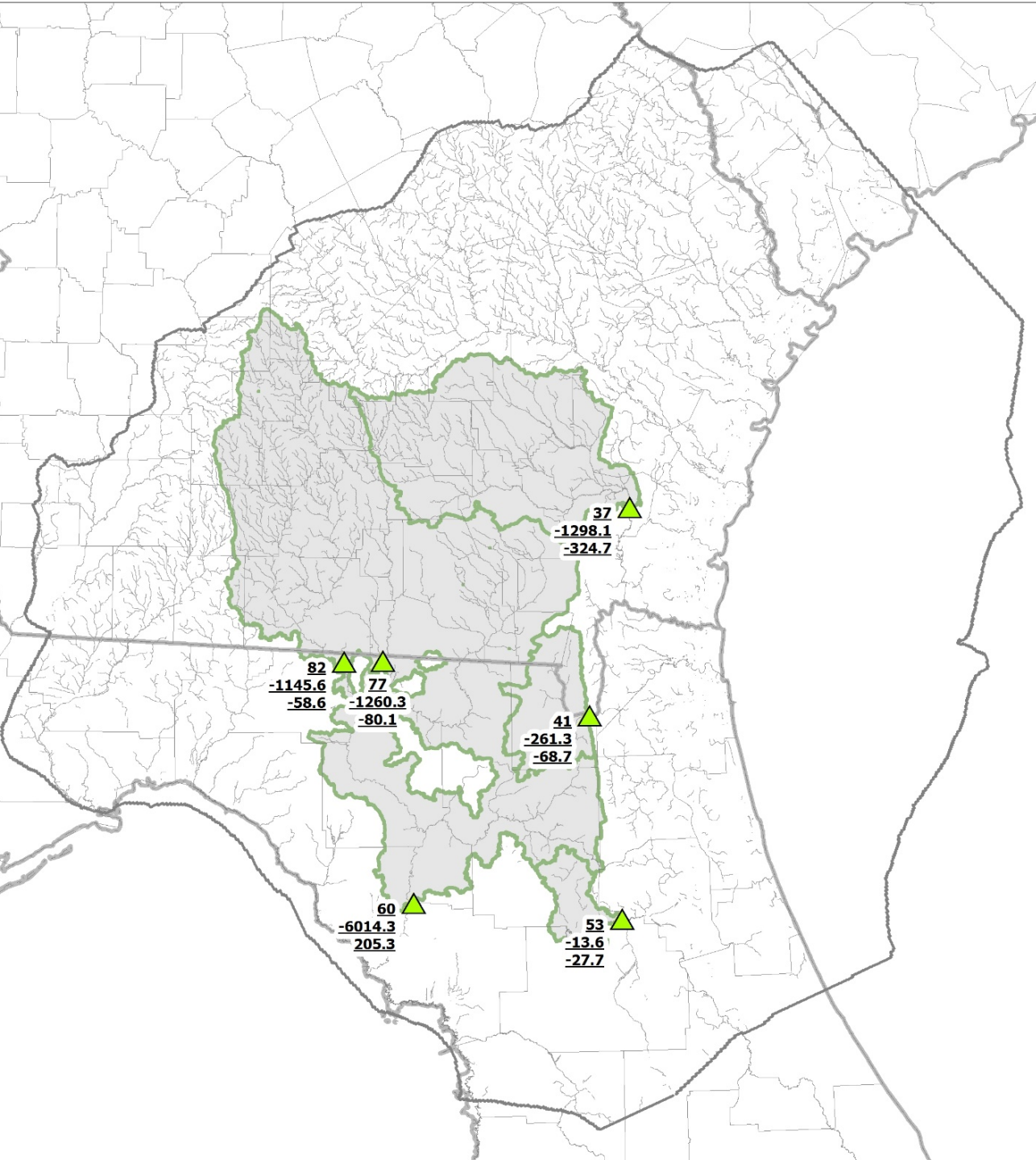
## 2001





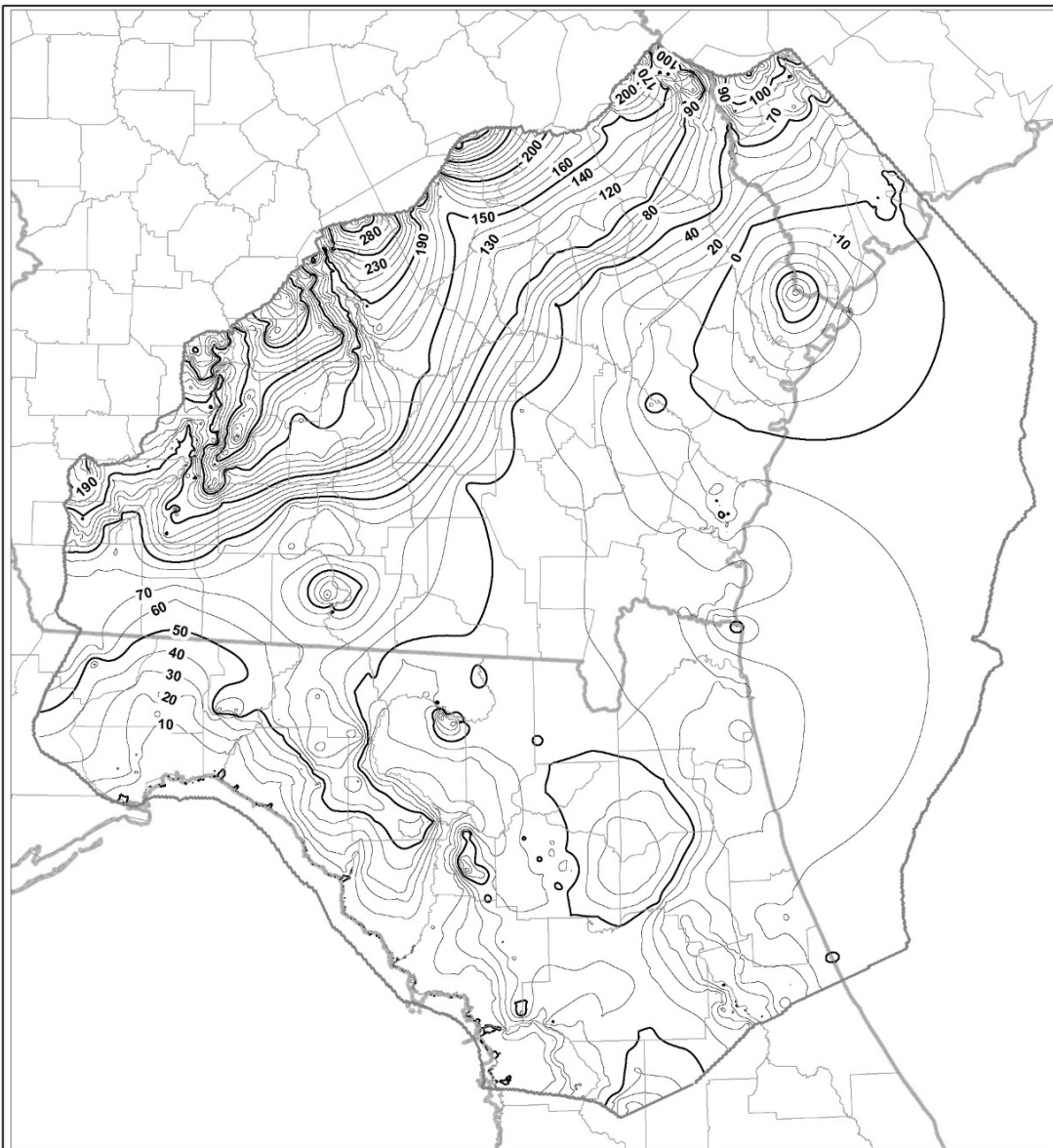
# Estimated Cumulative Baseflows and Residuals

2009

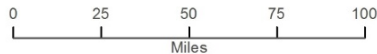


# Upper Floridan Aquifer Estimated Potentiometric Surface

## 2001



Absolute Scale  
1:2,400,000



2001 Estimated Potentiometric Surface,  
Upper Floridan Aquifer  
(Feet NAVD88)

### Legend

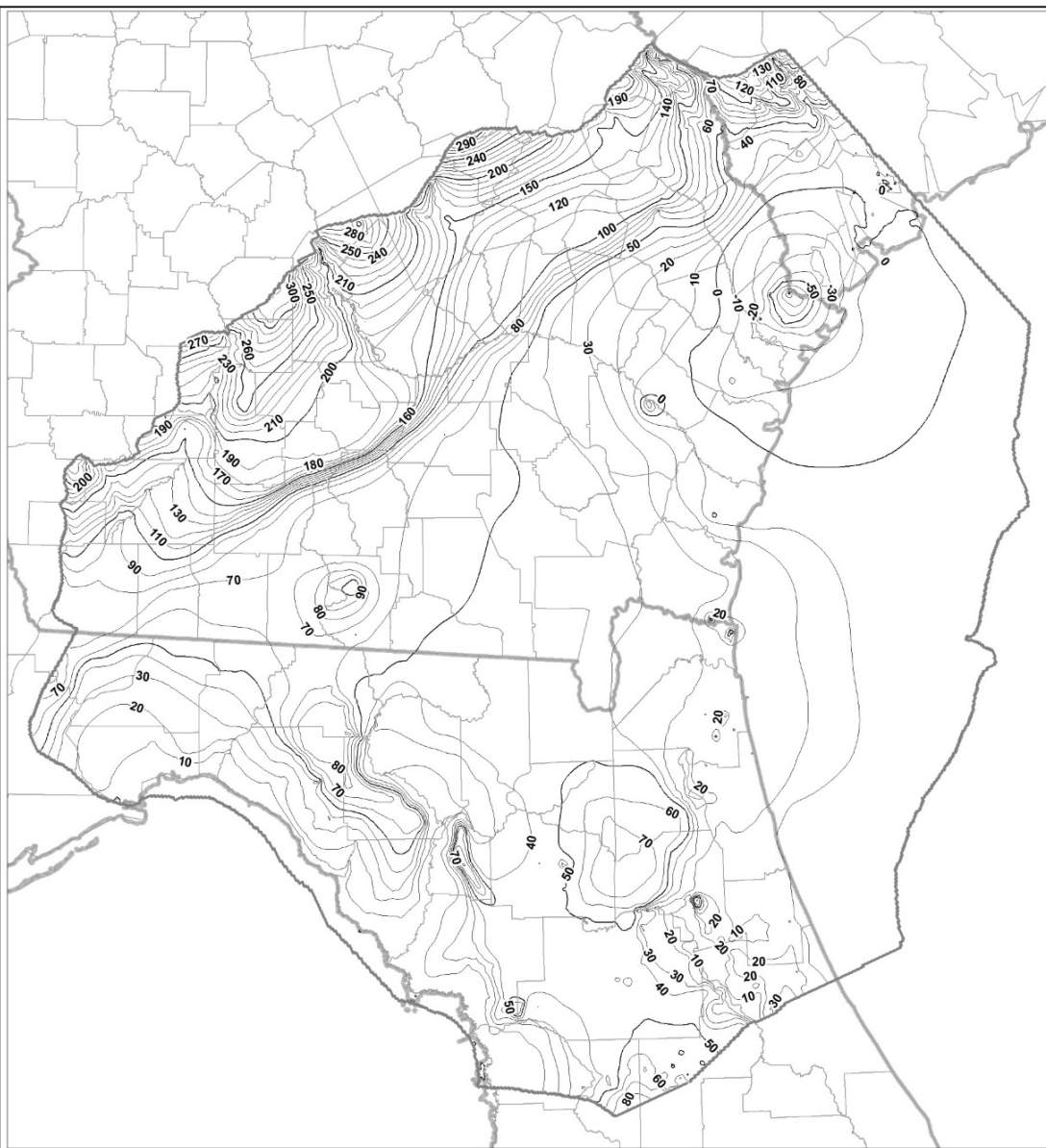
- Index Contour 50 ft Interval
- Contour 10 ft Interval





# Model Layer 3 Simulated Potentiometric Surface

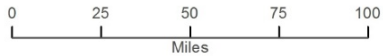
## 2001



2001 Simulated Potentiometric Surface,  
Model Layer 3 (Feet NAVD88)



Absolute Scale  
1:2,400,000



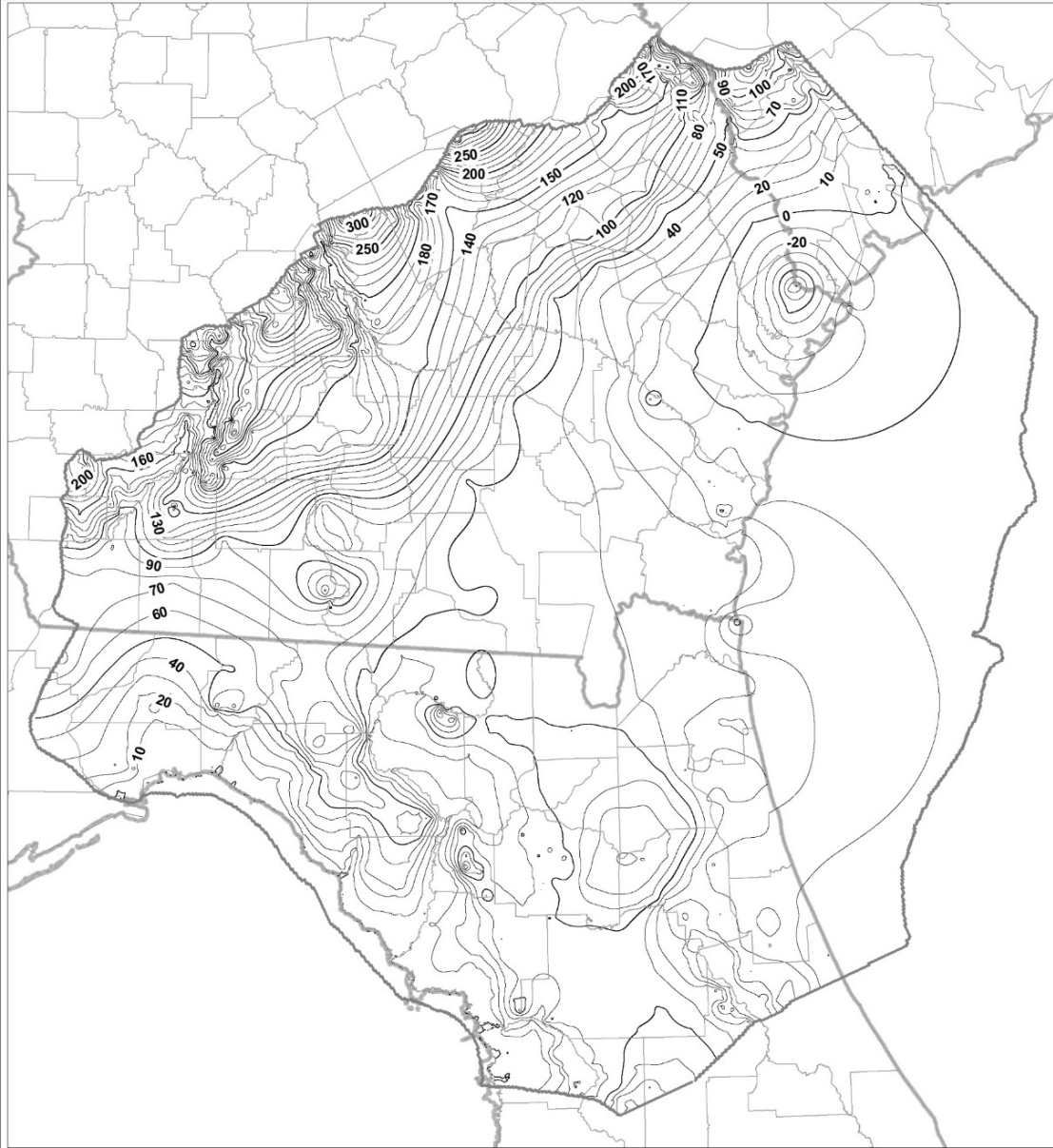
### Legend

- Index Contour 50 ft Interval
- Contour 10 ft Interval



# Upper Floridan Aquifer Estimated Potentiometric Surface

## 2009



Absolute Scale  
1:2,400,000



2009 Estimated Potentiometric Surface,  
Upper Floridan Aquifer  
(Feet NAVD88)

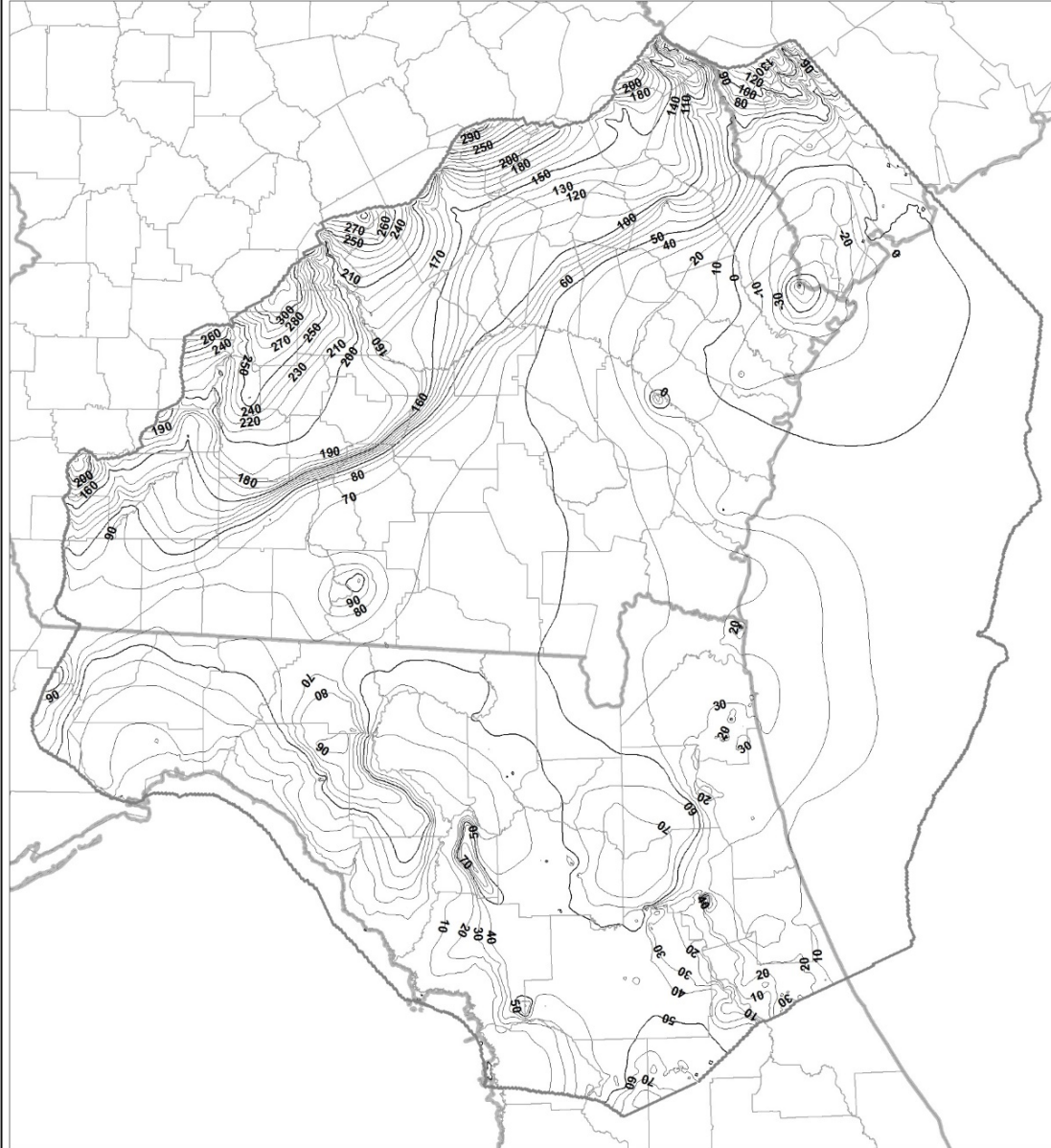
### Legend

- Index Contour 50 ft Interval
- Contour 10 ft Interval



# Model Layer 3 Simulated Potentiometric Surface

## 2009



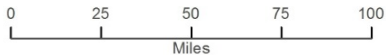
2009 Simulated Potentiometric Surface,  
Model Layer 3 (Feet NAVD88)

### Legend

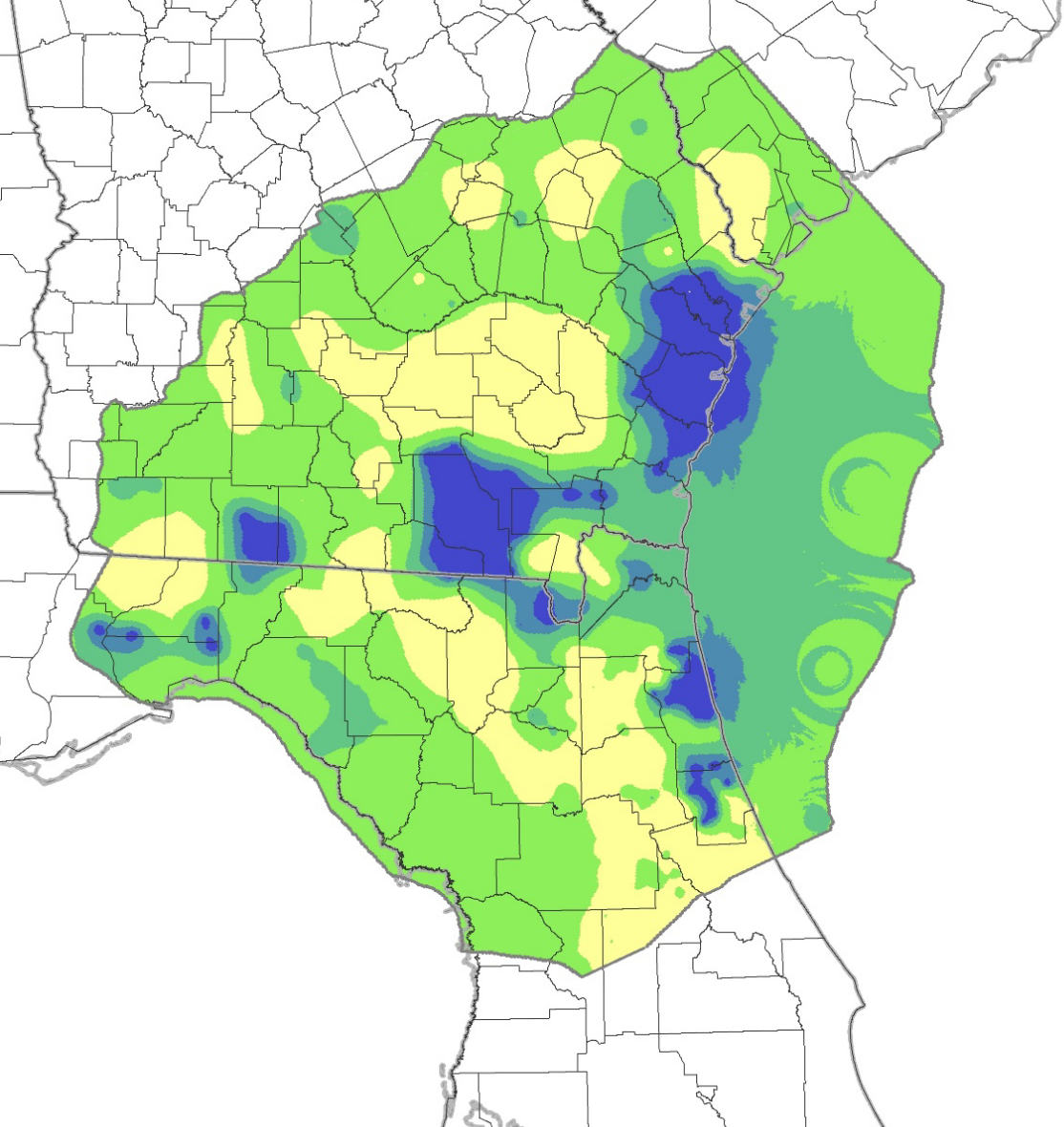
- Index Contour 50 ft Interval
- Contour 10 ft Interval



Absolute Scale  
1:2,400,000







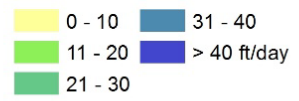
# Layer 1 Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity



Absolute Scale  
1:3,000,000

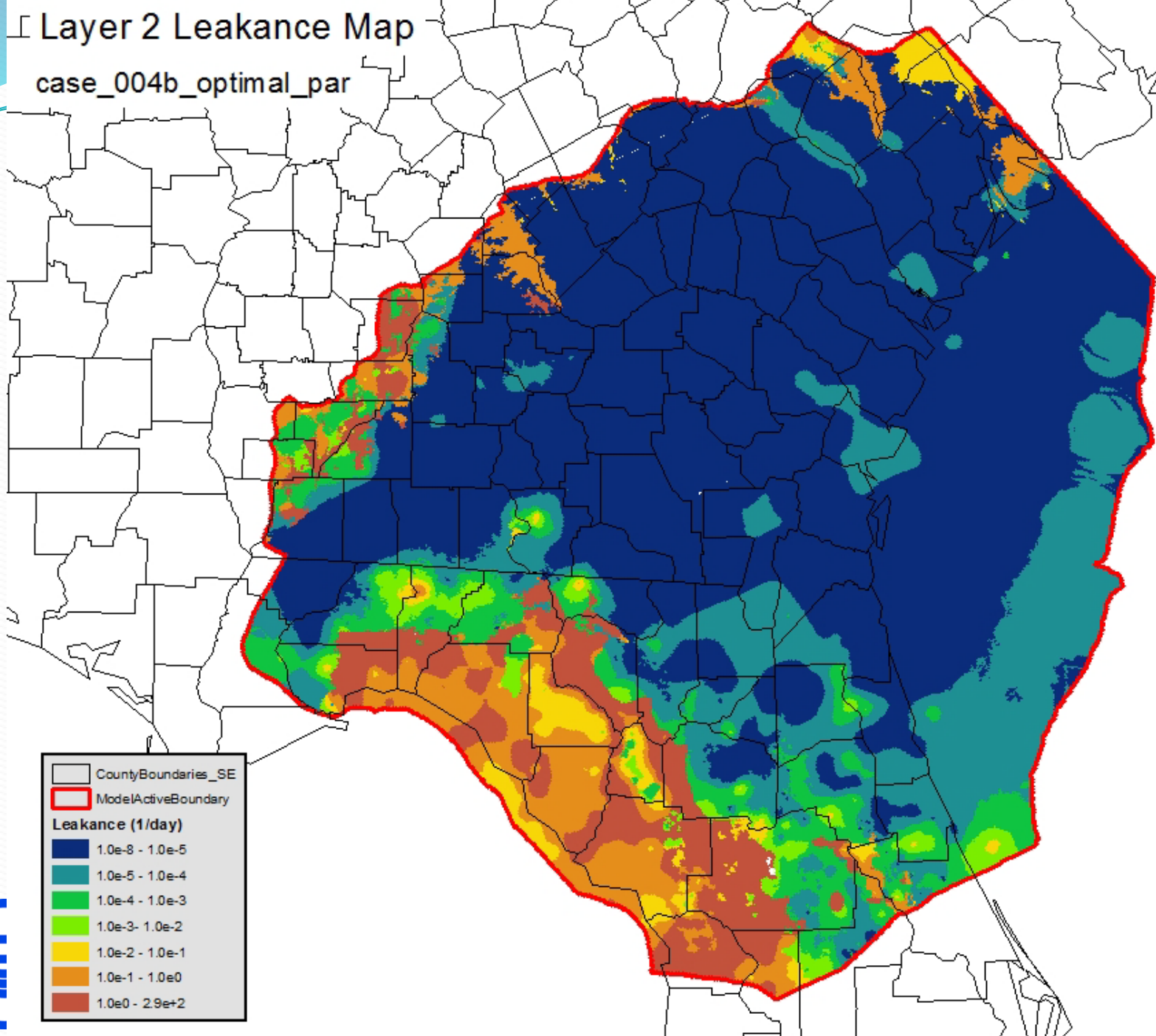
Modeled Distribution of  
Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity










Model Layer 1 (Feet / Day)



# Layer 2 Leakance Map

case\_004b\_optimal\_par

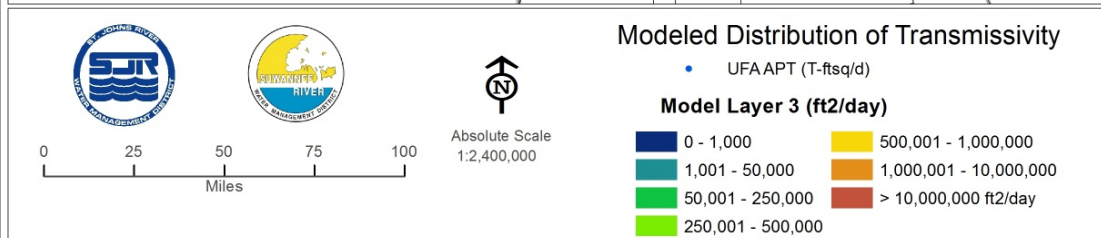
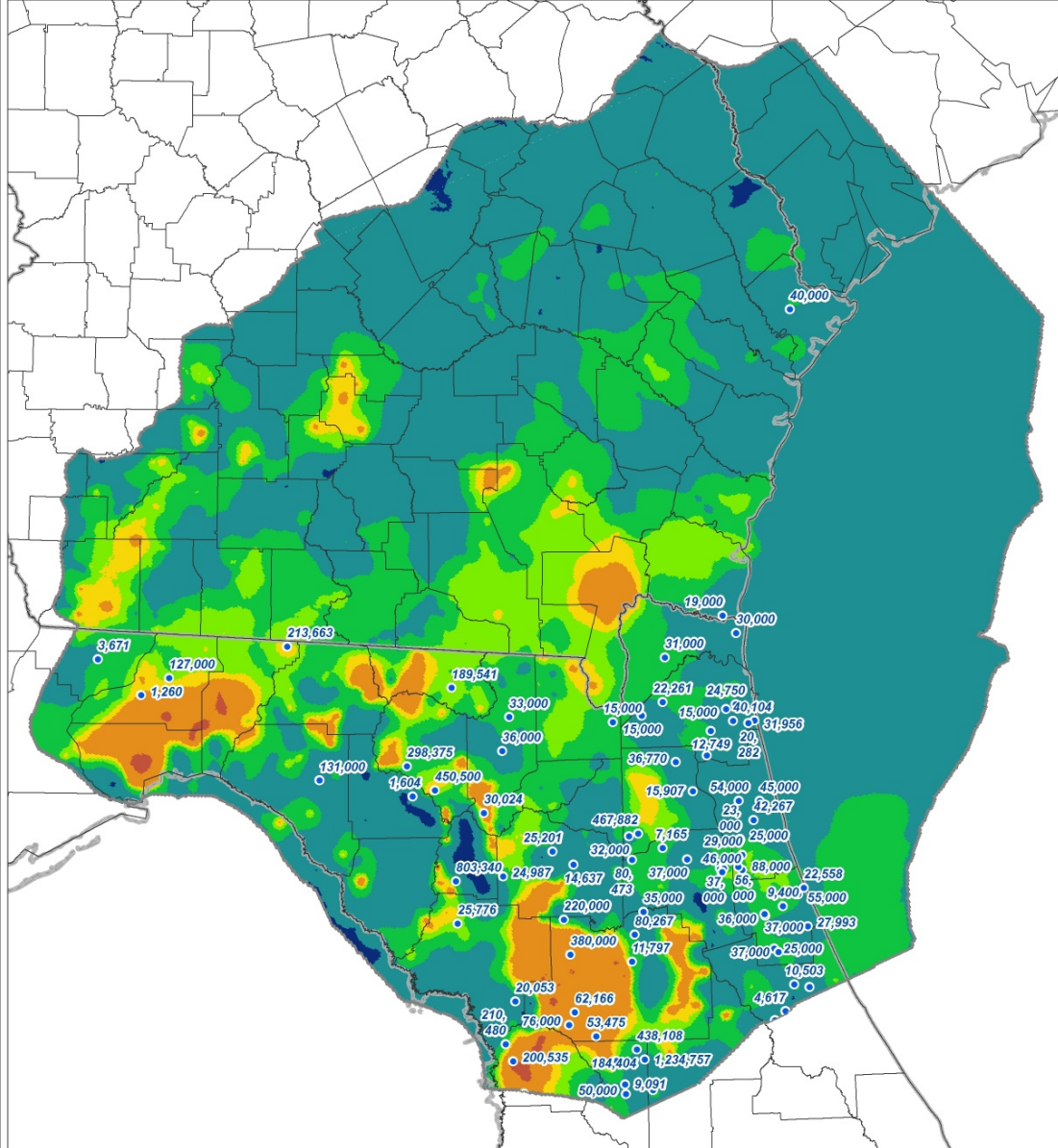


	CountyBoundaries_SE
	ModelActiveBoundary
<b>Leakance (1/day)</b>	
	1.0e-8 - 1.0e-5
	1.0e-5 - 1.0e-4
	1.0e-4 - 1.0e-3
	1.0e-3 - 1.0e-2
	1.0e-2 - 1.0e-1
	1.0e-1 - 1.0e0
	1.0e0 - 2.9e+2



# Estimated Transmissivity Layer 3

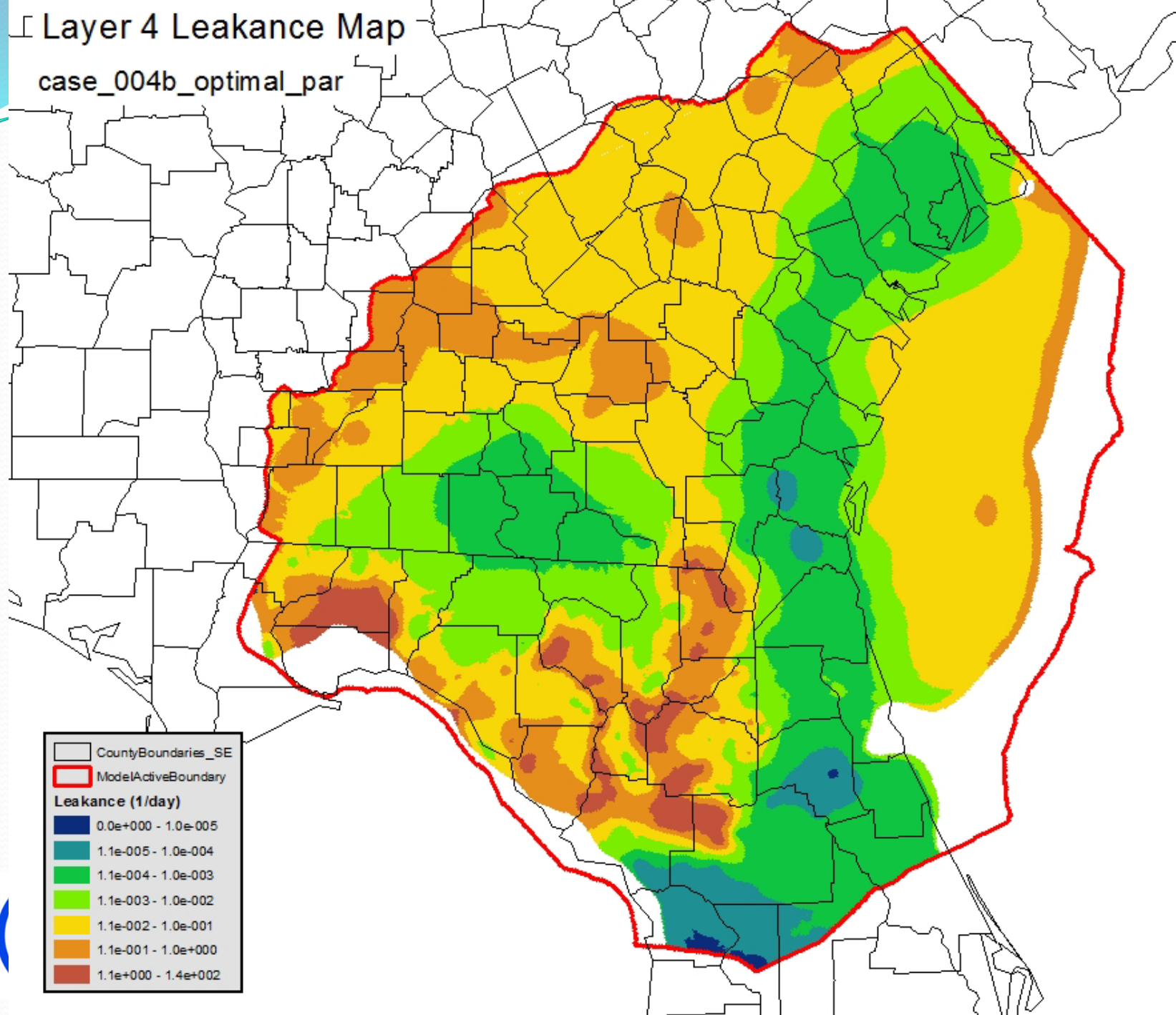
(with superimposed point estimates from APT results)





# Layer 4 Leakance Map

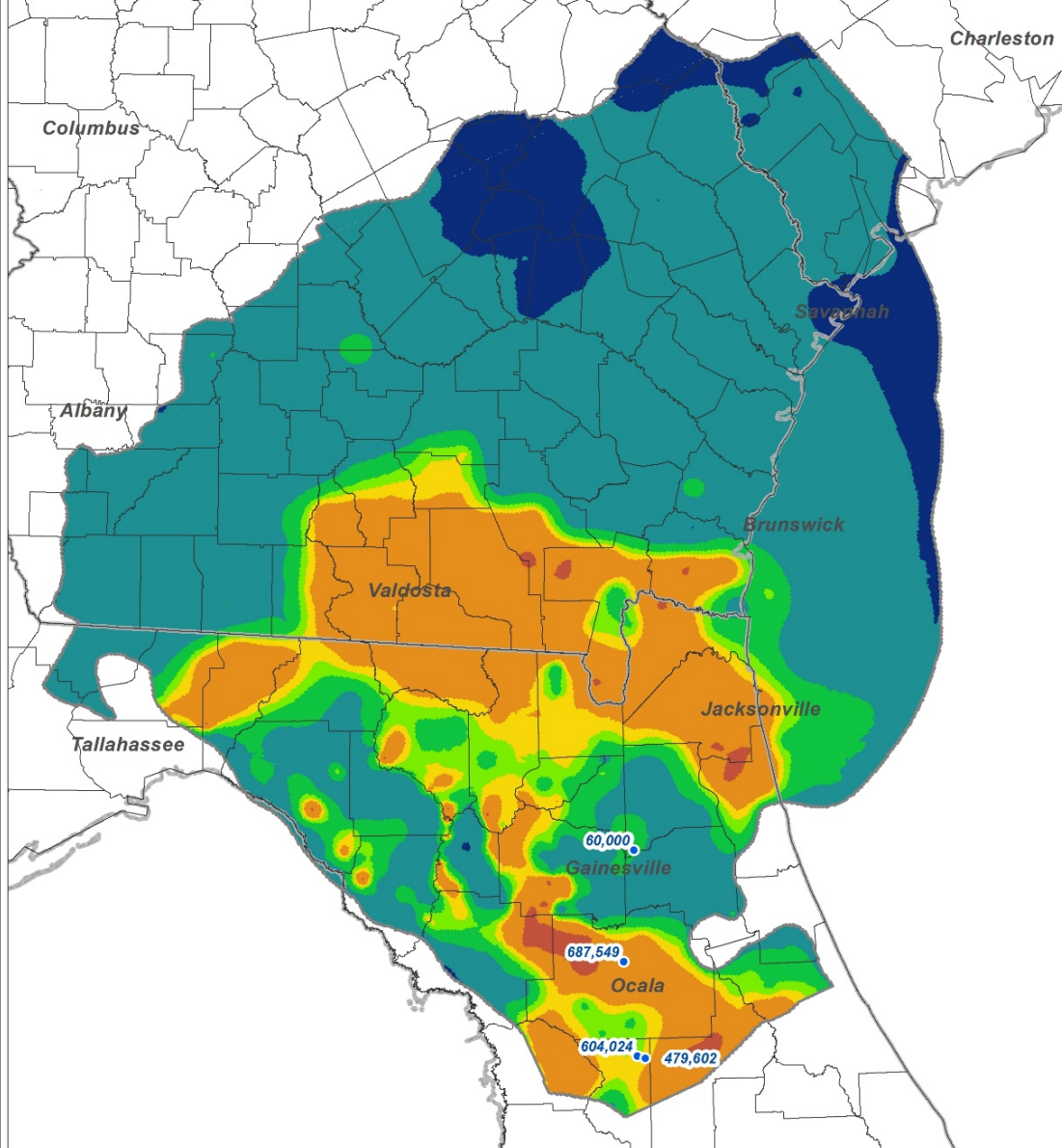
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



CountyBoundaries\_SE  
ModelActiveBoundary

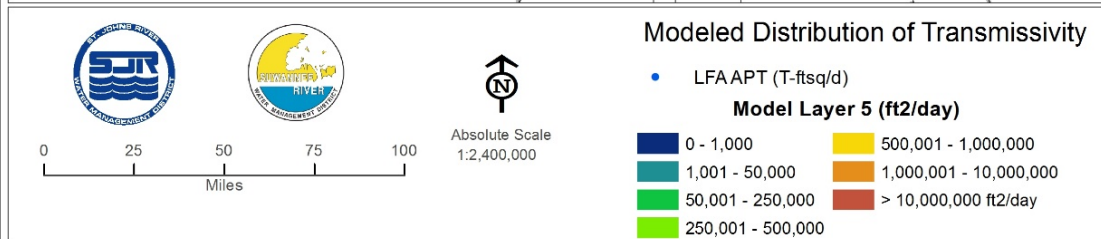
**Leakance (1/day)**

- 0.0e+000 - 1.0e-005
- 1.1e-005 - 1.0e-004
- 1.1e-004 - 1.0e-003
- 1.1e-003 - 1.0e-002
- 1.1e-002 - 1.0e-001
- 1.1e-001 - 1.0e+000
- 1.1e+000 - 1.4e+002

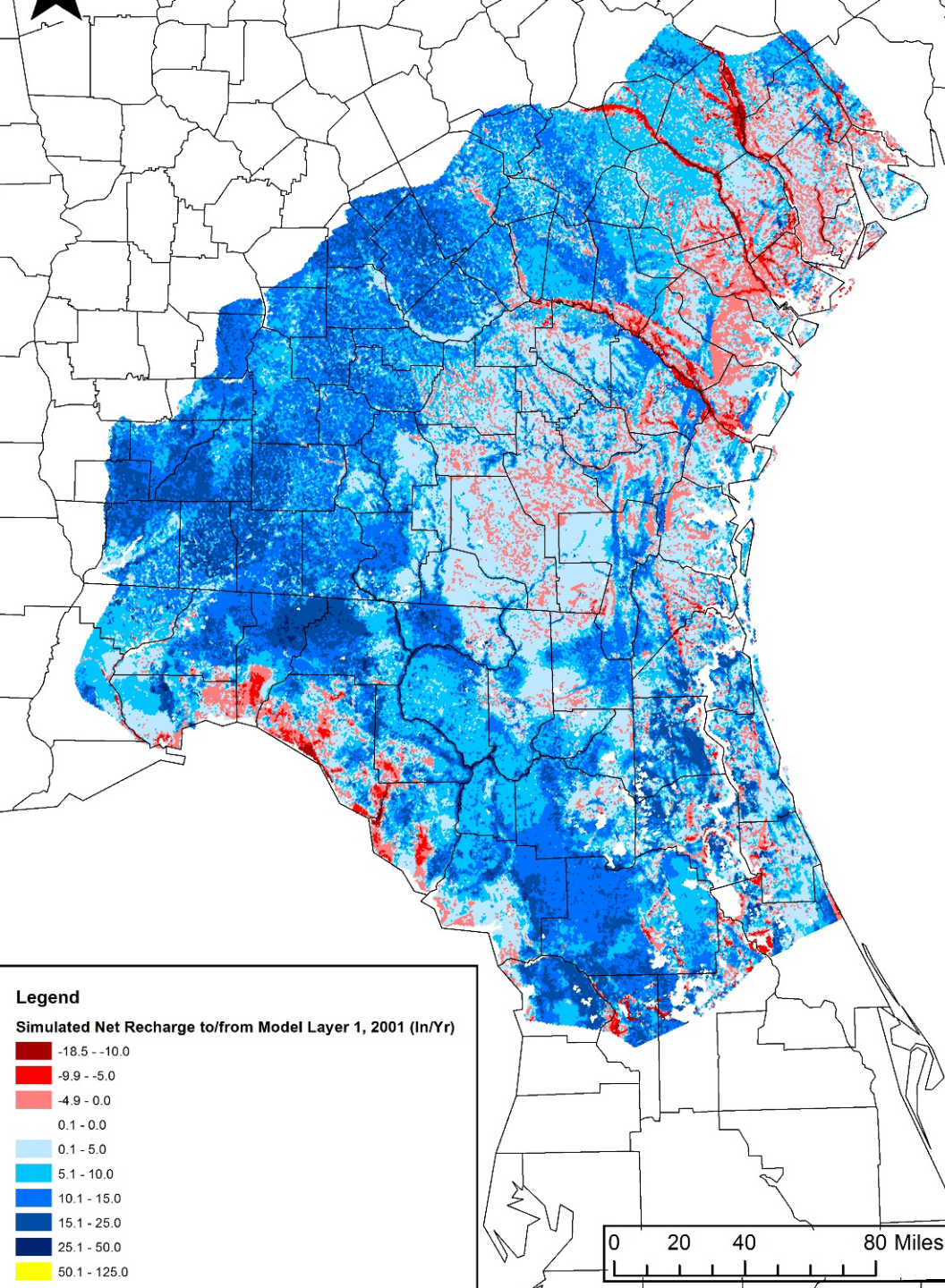


# Estimated Transmissivity Layer 5

(with superimposed point estimates from APT results)





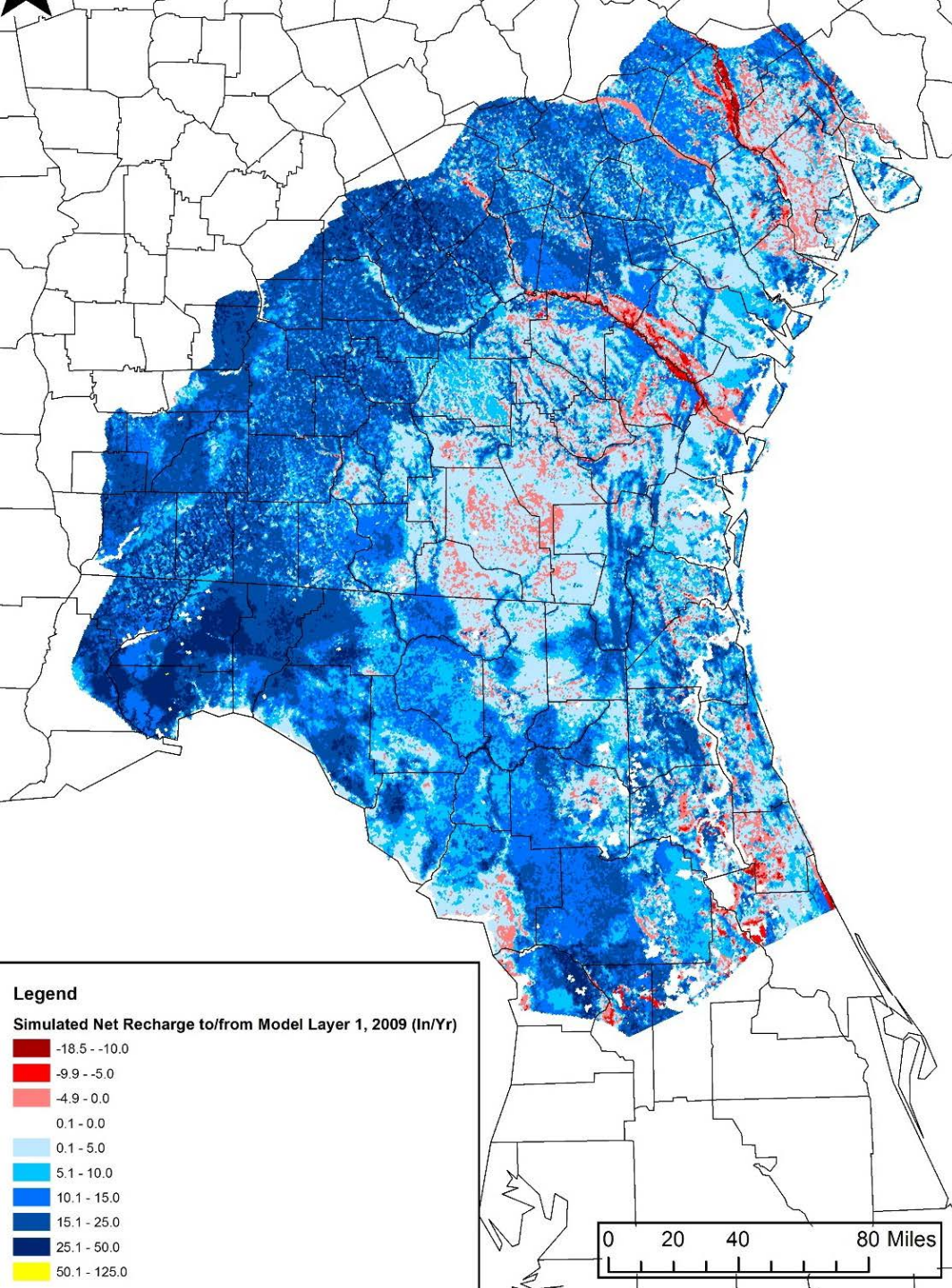


# Simulated Net Recharge (Inches/Year)

## 2001

# Simulated Net Recharge (Inches/Year)

## 2009

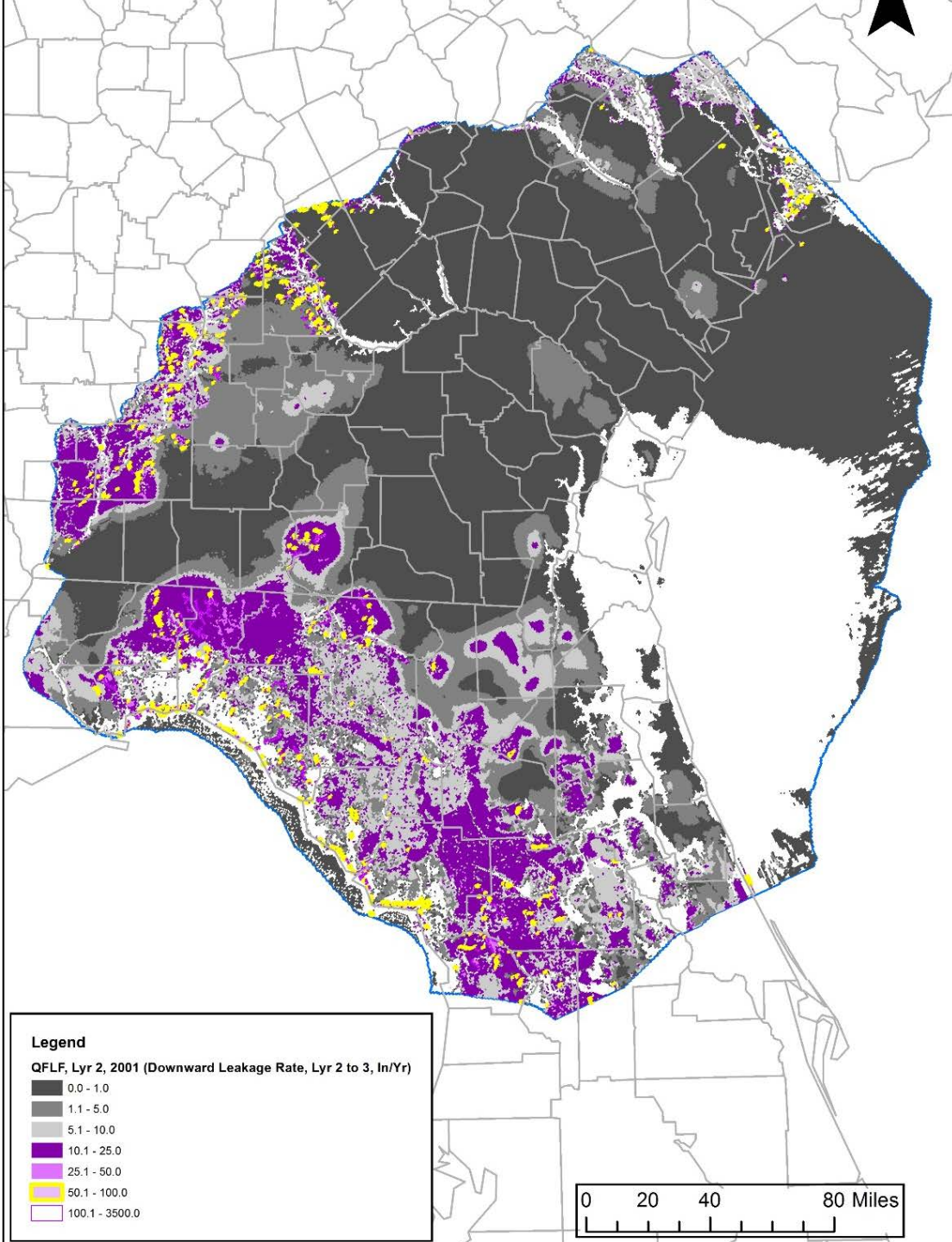




# Downward Leakage Rate (Inches/Year)

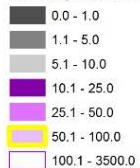
## Layer 2 to 3

### 2001



#### Legend

QFLF, Lyr 2, 2001 (Downward Leakage Rate, Lyr 2 to 3, In/Yr)



0 20 40 80 Miles

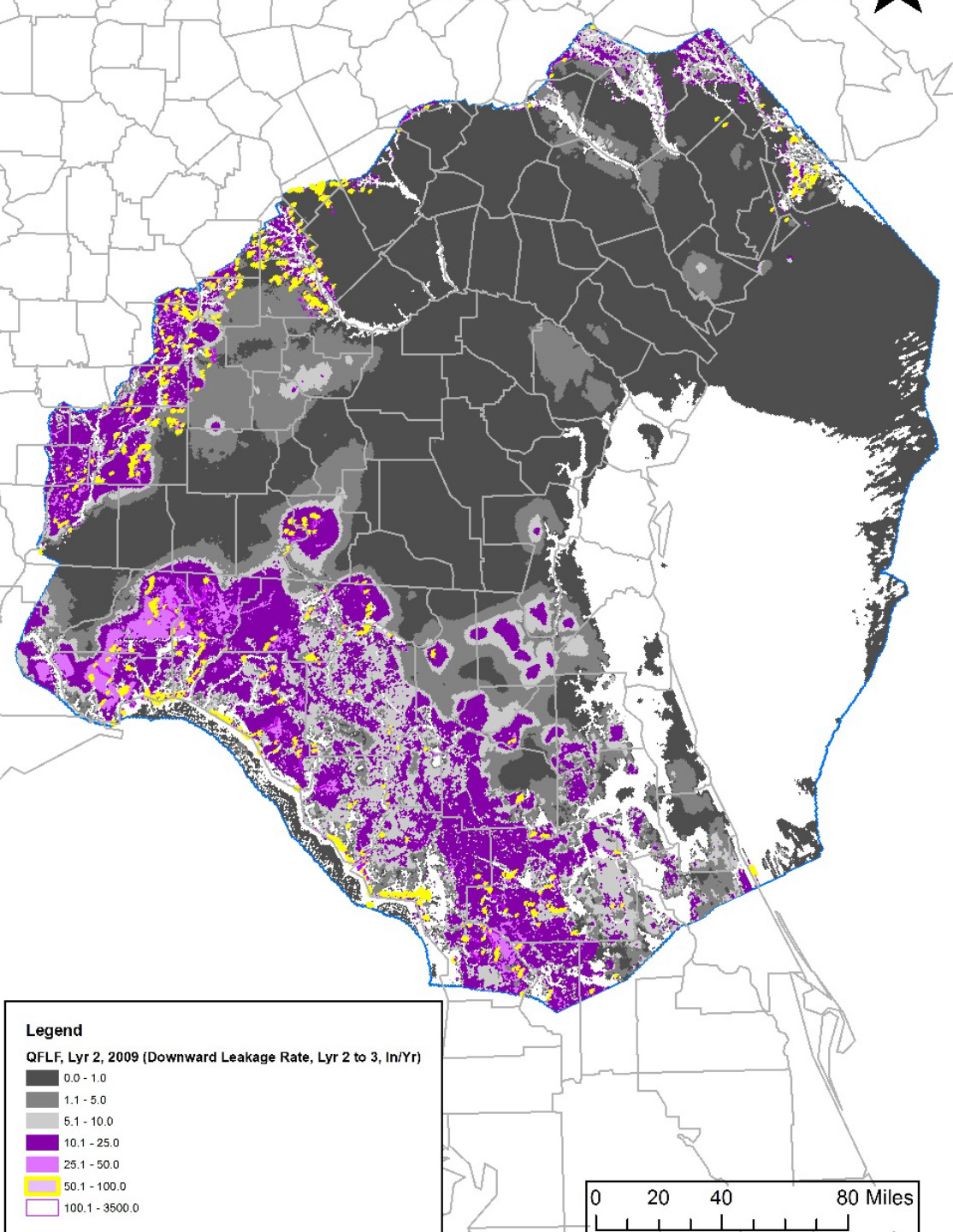




# Downward Leakage Rate (Inches/Year)

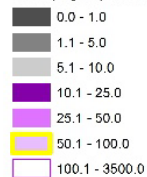
## Layer 2 to 3

### 2009



#### Legend

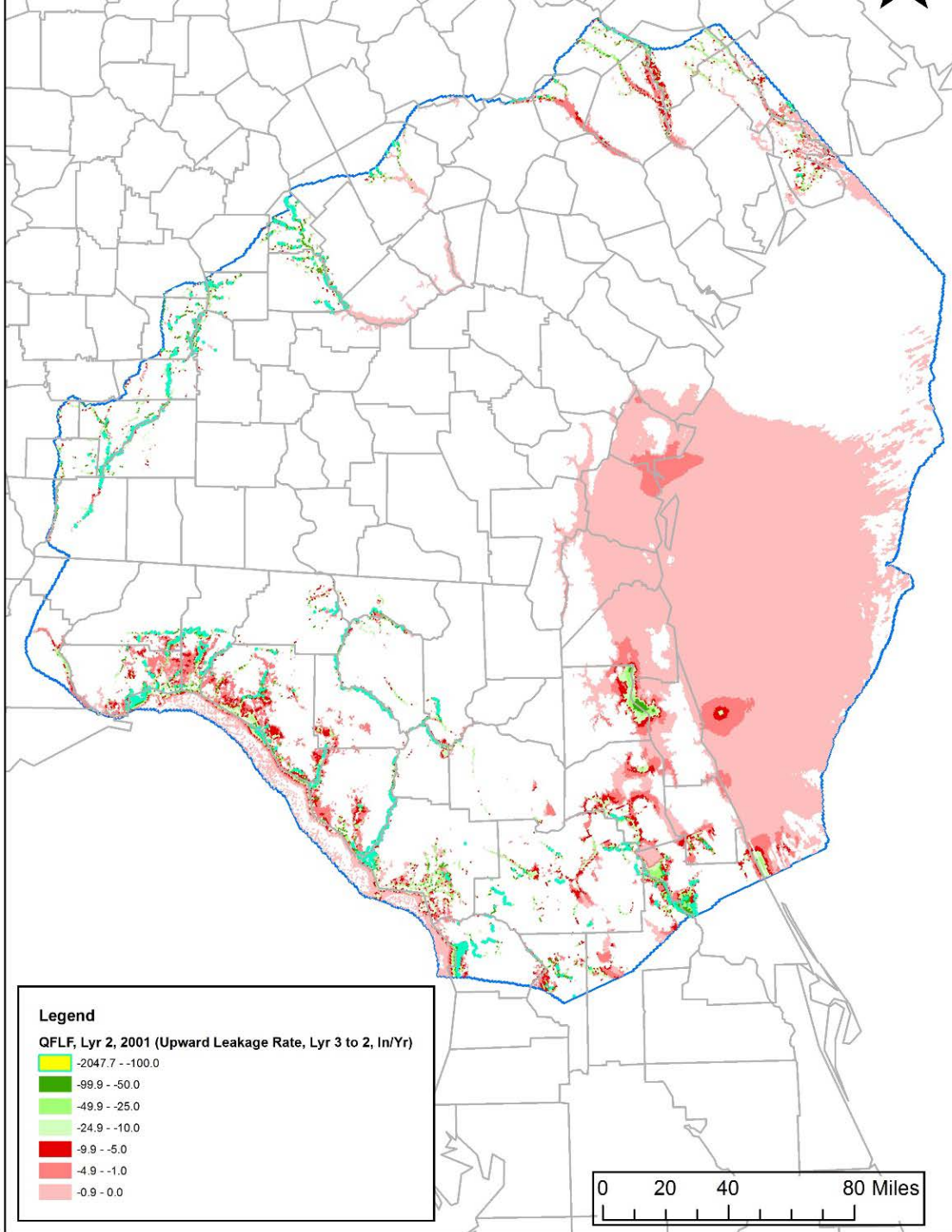
QFLF, Lyr 2, 2009 (Downward Leakage Rate, Lyr 2 to 3, In/Yr)



# Upward Leakage Rate (Inches/Year)

## Layer 3 to 2

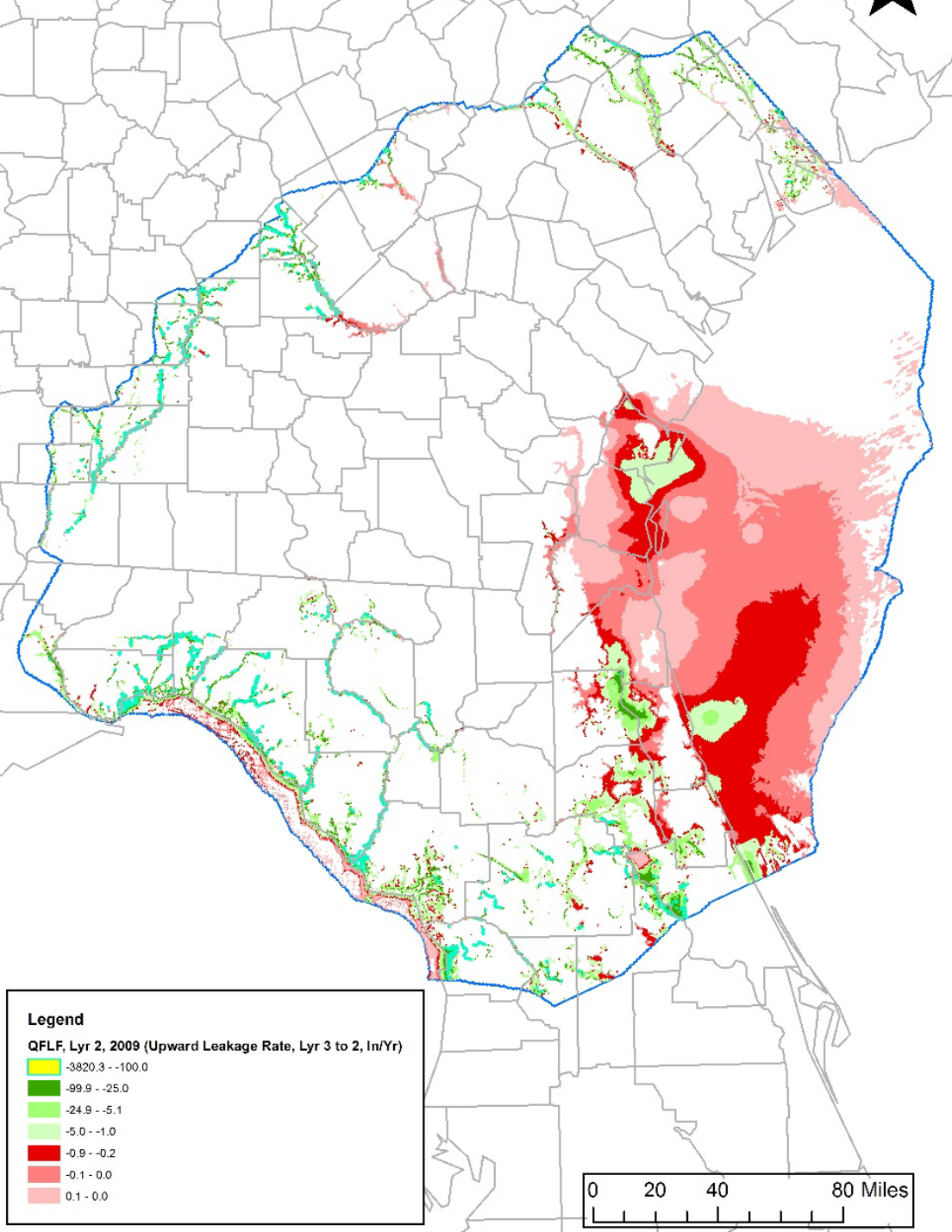
### 2001



# Upward Leakage Rate (Inches/Year)

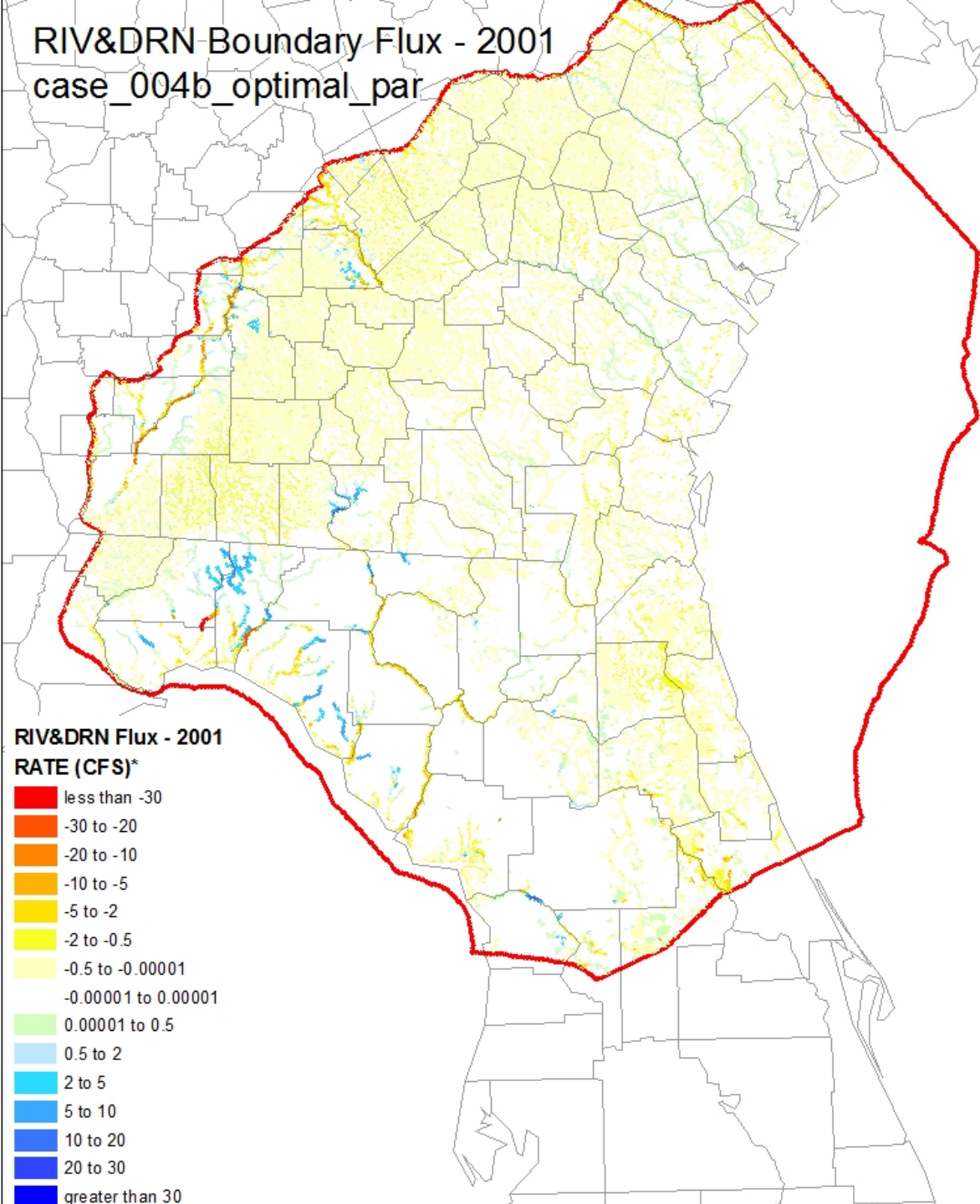
## Layer 3 to 2

### 2009





RIV&DRN Boundary Flux - 2001  
case\_004b\_optimal\_par



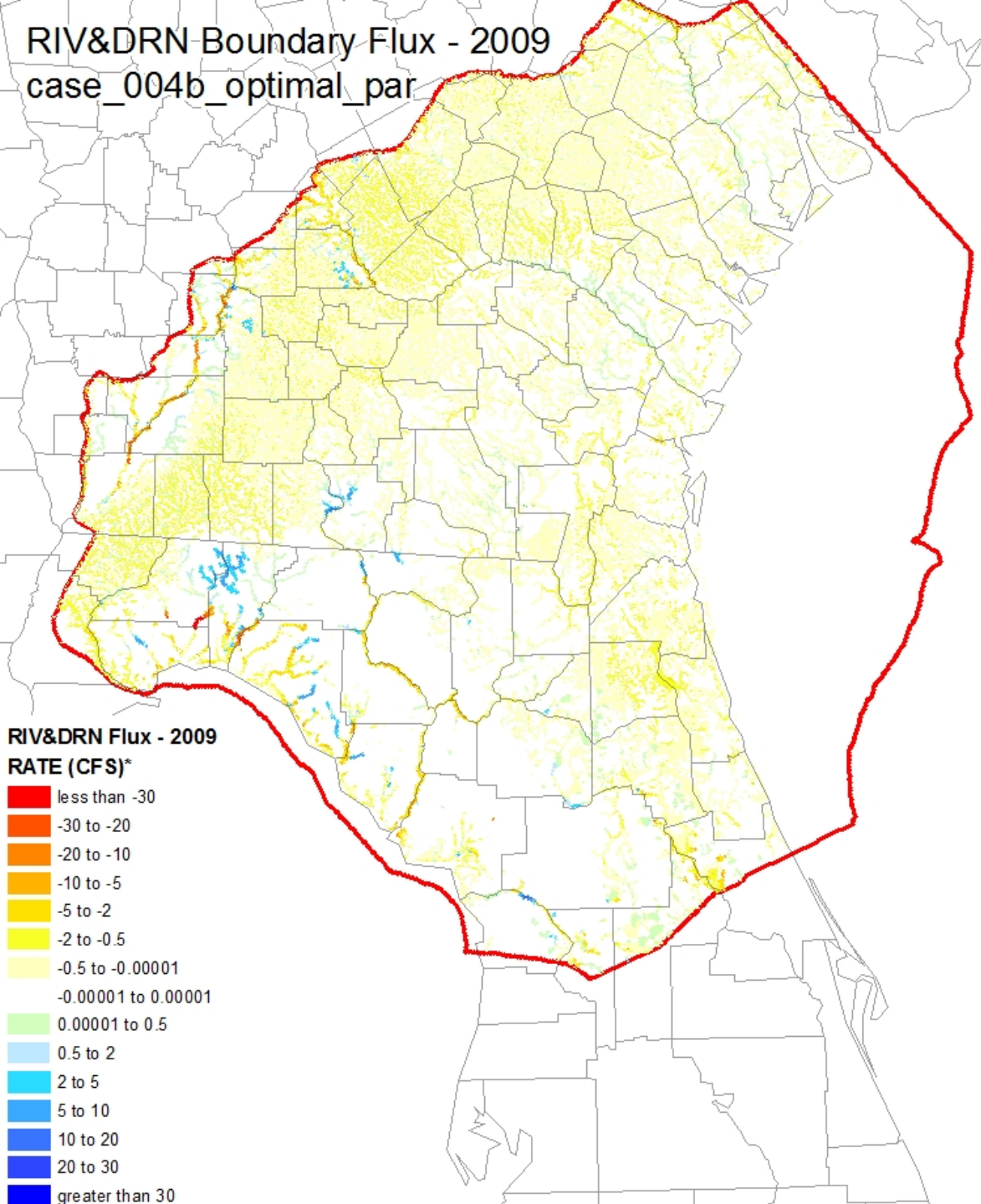
RIV&DRN Flux - 2001  
RATE (CFS)\*



# River and Drain Fluxes 2001

# RIV&DRN Boundary Flux - 2009

case\_004b\_optimal\_par



RIV&DRN Flux - 2009  
RATE (CFS)\*

- less than -30
- 30 to -20
- 20 to -10
- 10 to -5
- 5 to -2
- 2 to -0.5
- 0.5 to -0.00001
- 0.00001 to 0.00001
- 0.00001 to 0.5
- 0.5 to 2
- 2 to 5
- 5 to 10
- 10 to 20
- 20 to 30
- greater than 30

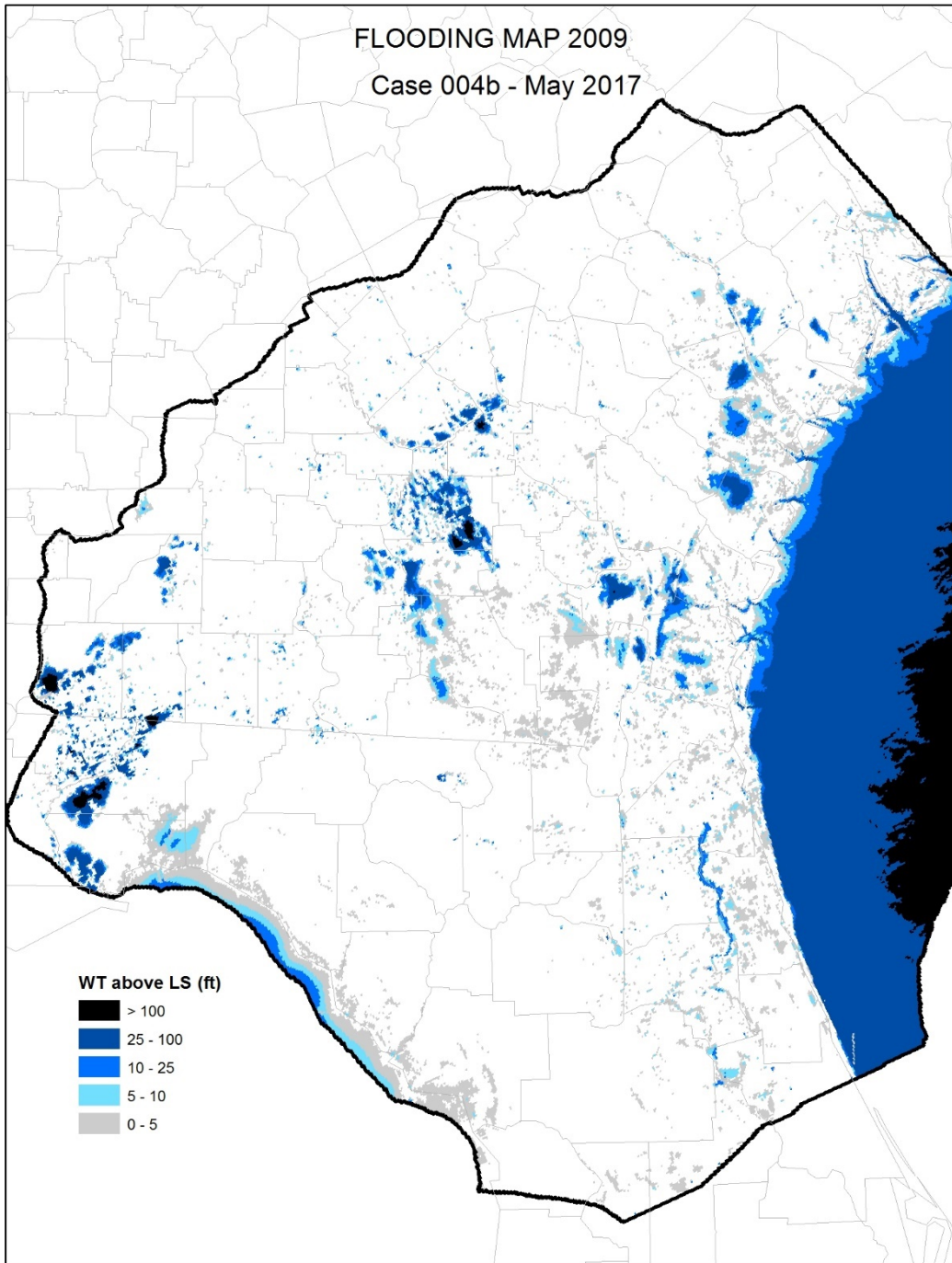
# River and Drain Fluxes 2009





FLOODING MAP 2009

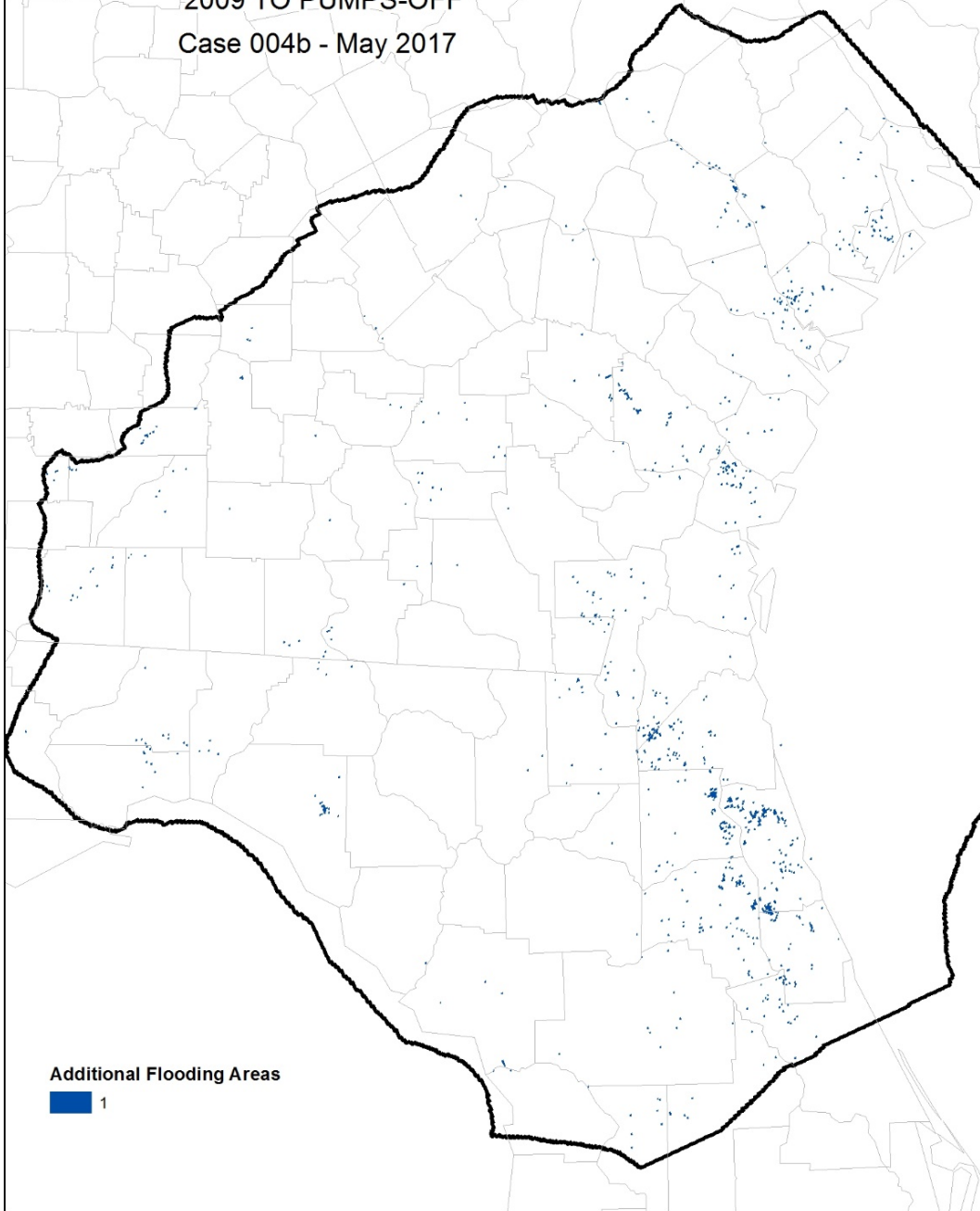
Case 004b - May 2017



# Height of Simulated Water Table Above Land Surface

2009

ADDITIONAL FLOODING AREAS  
2009 TO PUMPS-OFF  
Case 004b - May 2017



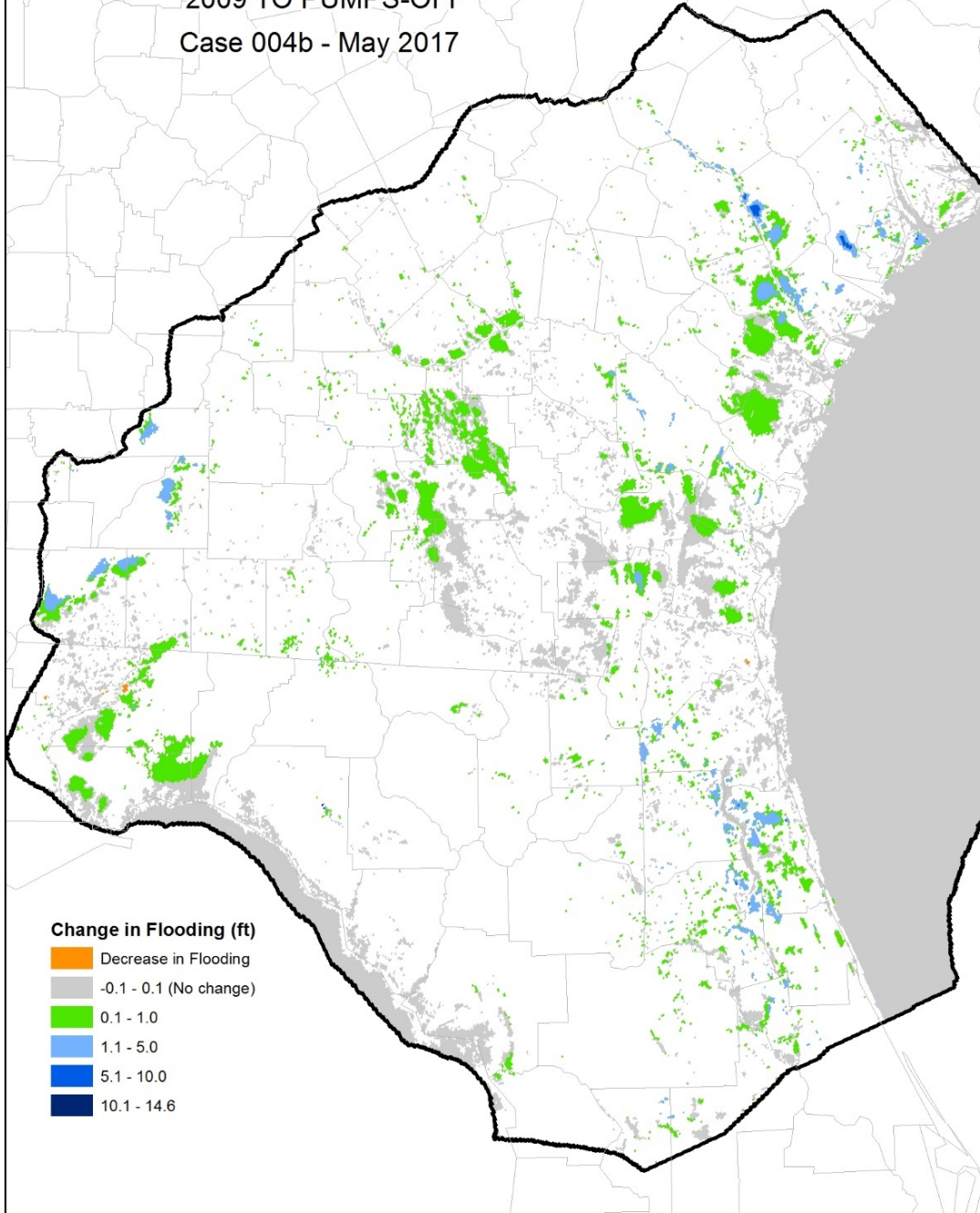
Additional Flooding Areas  
■ 1

# Additional Flooding Areas

## Pumps Off to 2009



CHANGE IN FLOODING MAP  
2009 TO PUMPS-OFF  
Case 004b - May 2017

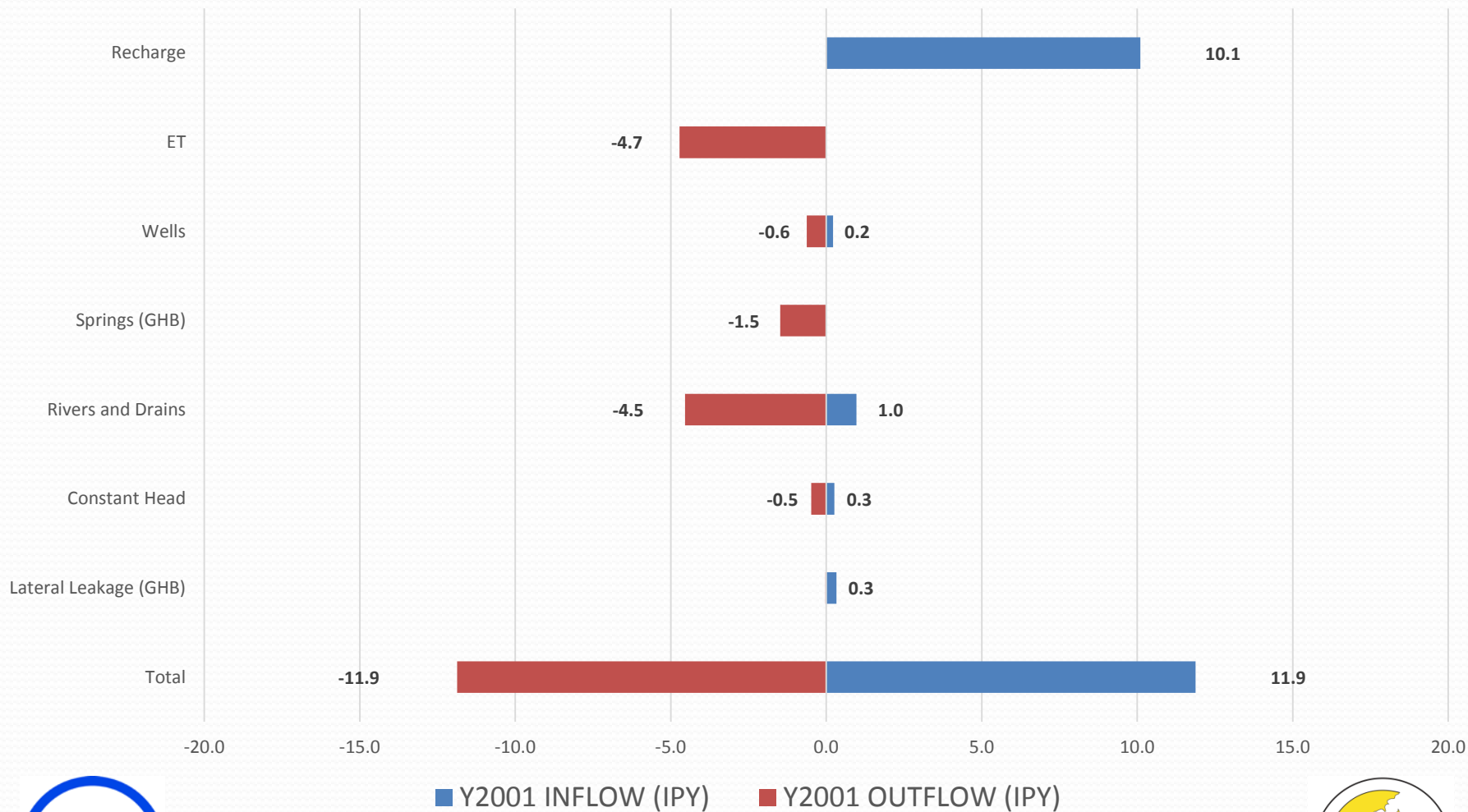


Difference of  
Height of  
Simulated Water  
Table Above  
Land Surface

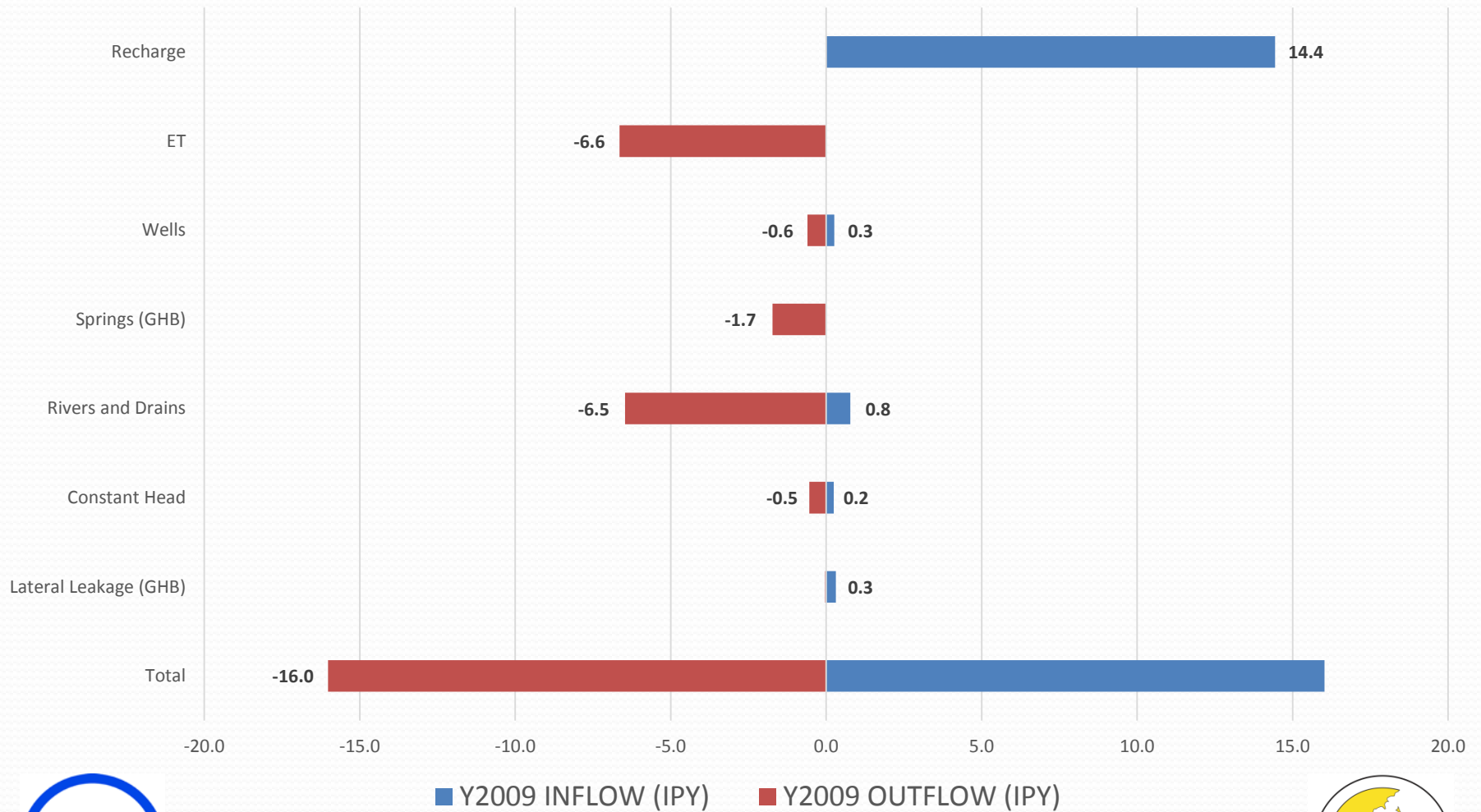
Pumps Off  
to  
2009



# NFSEG V1.1 PEST RUN 4B: 2001 WATER BUDGET

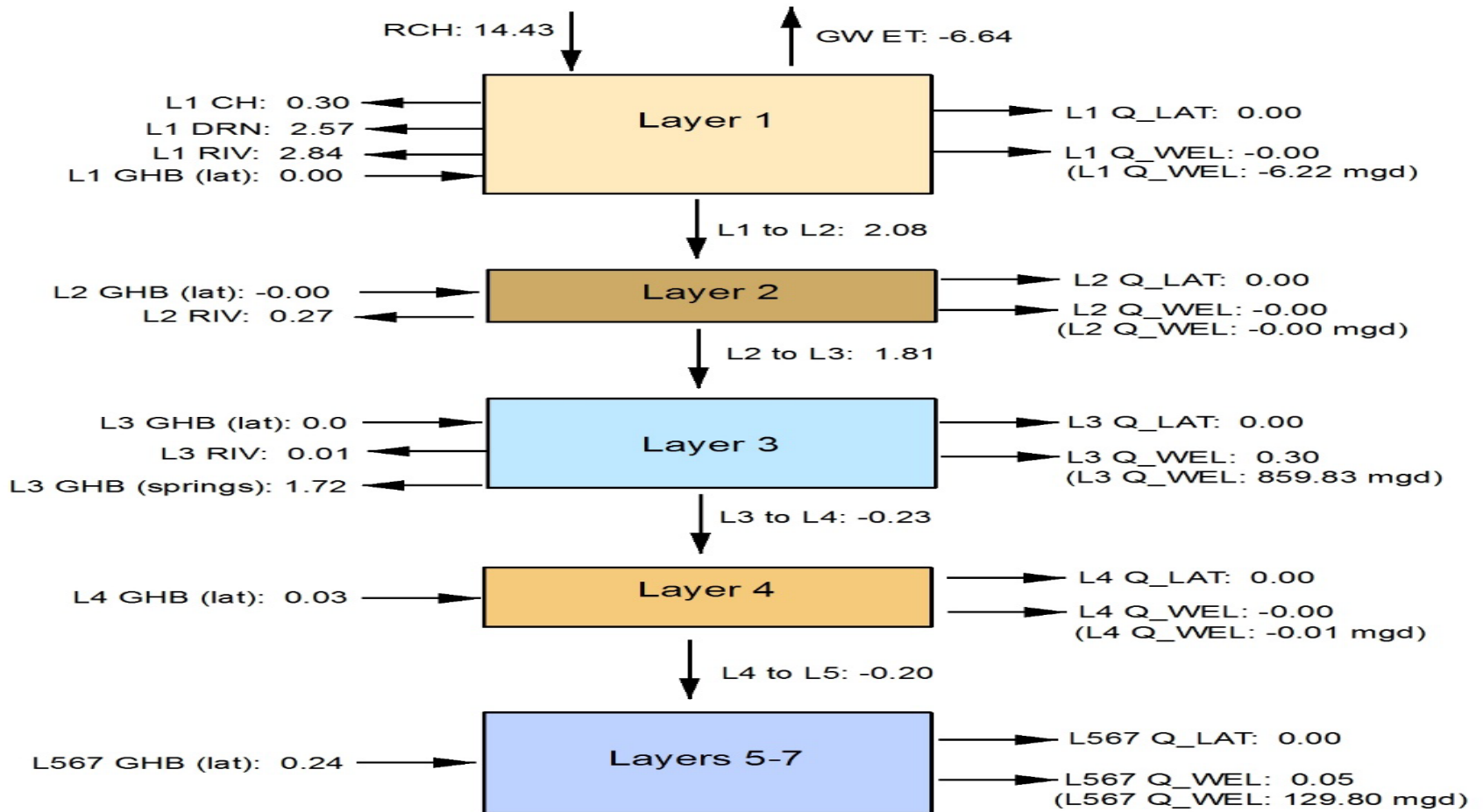


# NFSEG V1.1 PEST RUN 4B: 2009 WATER BUDGET





# Model Wide Mass Balance Summary - 2009



ZB\_NAME: Modelwide Active L1 Number of Cells: 266895 Area Per Cell: 6,250,500 SF  
 All units expressed as Inches Per Year over the selected cells (except where noted)  
 Values reflect the net water balance for all cells in zone corresponding to the direction indicated.

# Next Steps

- Task B.2. – Peer Review Memorandum
  - Clear and specific suggestions to improve model calibration
  - Preliminary consideration of Task D2 (Items A-F) and Task D3 (A-D, G, and H)
- Task C. Phase 2
  - Review spring observations (e.g. updates using new data)
  - Observation group reweighting
  - Regularization updates
  - Incorporate peer review suggestions
- Uncertainty Analysis
- Verification Run
- No-pumping / predevelopment simulations
  - Historical Review



# Peer Review Panel Discussion



# Technical Stakeholder Input





# Uncertainty Analysis

- Need to define confidence intervals for model predictions (as well as model calibration, refinements/data gaps, etc.)
- Linear analysis
  - Ability to estimate parameters
  - Parameter and prediction uncertainty estimates
- Nonlinear analysis
  - Parameter and prediction uncertainty estimates (no linearity assumption)



# Verification Simulation

- 2010 Water Use and Recharge/Max Sat ET (only)
- Preliminary Run in August, Present 8/24 Meeting
- Previous analyses have been generally qualitative in nature



# No Pumping/Predevelopment Simulations

## Historical Review



# Need for No Pumping Simulation

- Use In Minimum Flows and Levels Programs
  - Estimation of Groundwater Withdrawals Impacts on:
    - Flowing Systems
    - Lakes
  - Apportionment/Individual Users Pro-Rata Share of Impacts





# UFA No Pumping Evaluations

- Phase 1 - Estimation of UFA Predevelopment (PD) Potentiometric Surface
  - 1980
    - USGS – OFR 80-406 – Johnston et al.
- Phase 2 – Models Created to Simulate PD Surface
  - 1981-1982
    - USGS – OFR 81-681 (East Central FLA - Tibbals)
    - USGS – WRI 82-173 (SE GA, NE FLA, and S SC - Krause)
    - USGS – WRI 82-905 (SE US – Bush)



# UFA No Pumping Evaluations

- Phase 3 – Model Based Comparisons of PD to Historic Water Use and/or Projected Water Use
  - 1988 – 1989
    - USGS – PP 1403-C – (SE US – Bush and Johnston)
      - Modeled - PD Compared to 1980
    - USGS – PP 1403-D (SE GA – Krause and Randolph)
    - USGS – PP 1403-E (East Central FL – Tibbals)
  - 1991-2006
    - Georgia GS - Bulletin 116 – Coastal Georgia (1991)
    - SJRWMD – Tech. Pub. SJ 91-4 - Northeast Florida (1991)



# UFA No Pumping Evaluations

- 1991-2006 (cont'd)
  - SWFWMD - Northern Tampa Bay (1993)
  - SJRWMD – Special Pub. SJ94-6 – Seminole Cty. (1994)
  - SJRWMD – Special Pub. SJ95-SP7 – North Central Fla (1995)
  - SJRWMD – Technical Pub. SJ95-5 – Titusville (1995)
  - SWFWMD/USGS – WRI 94-4254 – Lake Wales Ridge (1996)
  - SJRWMD – Technical Pub. SJ97-2 – North East Fla (1997)
  - SJRWMD – Technical Pub. SJ2002-3 – East Central Fla (2002)
  - USGS – SIR 2005-5089 – Coastal Georgia (2005)
  - SJRWMD – Technical Pub. SJ2006-4 – Volusia (2006)



# UFA No Pumping Evaluations

- 2010 - Present
  - SWFWMD/TBW – Integrated Northern Tampa Bay (2013)
  - SWFWMD/SJRWMD – Northern District Model V5 (2016)





# Schedule

June 30:	Phase 1 Review Memo Due
July 26:	Phase 2 Prelim. Results Meeting – Tele.
August 4:	Phase 2 Prelim. Results Memo Due
August 24:	Phase 2 Results Meeting - <i>Palatka</i>
September 1:	Phase 2 Results Memo Due
October 19:	Review Draft NFSEG v1.1 - <i>Palatka</i>
November 9:	Draft Peer Review Report
December 21:	Final Peer Review Report



# Public Comments

