# Appendix J

# Land Reclamation Assessment

#### Introduction

Mining sites provide an opportunity for water supply development (WSD) or water resource development (WRD) projects through the process of land reclamation (paragraph 373.709(2)(j), F.S.). These projects may help meet future water supply demands or assist in meeting the goals of MFL prevention or recovery strategies.

### Methodology

The Districts completed an analysis, using geographic information system (GIS) software, that identified current mining sites in the planning area by compiling the spatial coverage from three Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) sources. These sources included the Florida Statewide Land Use-Land Cover (DEP, 2022b), Mandatory Phosphate Boundaries 2019 (DEP, 2021) Mandatory Non-Phosphate (DEP, 2022a) datasets. Spatial coverage for these layers was restricted to the NFRWSP area.

First, the spatial data layers were projected, if necessary, to the Florida State Plane coordinate reference system (EPSG:2883) for consistency in geoprocessing. Land use data was then filtered to include only land use codes associated with mining activities (Table J1). Next, the processed land use and mandatory non-phosphate layers were combined into a single layer, and instances of redundant spatial overlap were eliminated. The results were exported to a spreadsheet and processed to summarize the acreage results by county.

Land Use Code	Description	
1530	Mineral Processing	
1531	Clays	
1532	Phosphate	
1533	Limerock	
1534	Magnesia	
1535	Heavy Minerals	
1600	Extractive	
1610	Strip Mines	
1611	Clays	
1612	Peat	
1613	Heavy Minerals	
1620	Sand and Gravel Pits	
1630	Rock Quarries	
1631	Limerock	
1632	Dolomite	
1633	Phosphate	
1634	Heavy Minerals	
1650	Reclaimed Lands	

Table J1. Selected land use codes related to mining activities in Florida

Land Use Code	Description
1670	Abandoned Mining Lands
7420	Borrow Area (Borrow Pit)

## **Results**

In summary, 112,823 acres of mining area were identified in the planning area (Table J2; Figure J1). Clay County had the largest total mining land area (36,545 ac; 32%) and Union County has the least total area (73 ac; <1%). Mining sites will be evaluated, as needed, in areas where WSD or WRD projects may provide an improvement in water availability in the basin and do not cause adverse impacts to water resources in the basin.

County	Mining Area (acres)
Alachua	4,885
Baker	9,353
Bradford	9,628
Clay	36,545
Columbia	529
Duval	1,236
Flagler	481
Gilchrist	220
Hamilton	34,944
Nassau	96
Putnam	11,815
St. Johns	773
Suwannee	2,245
Union	73
Total	112,823

Table J2. Mining parcel area by county in the NFRWSP area

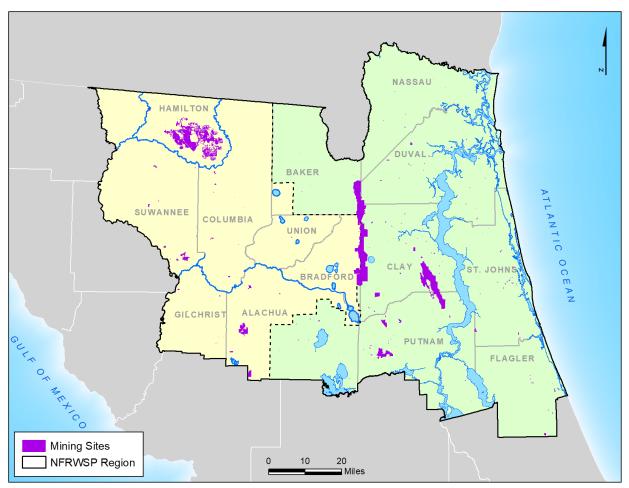


Figure J1. Mining sites in the NFRWSP area

#### References

Florida Department of Environmental Protection. 2021. *Mandatory Phosphate Boundaries 2019.* <u>https://fdep.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=ddceb3aa3d5042a0a7d9af1bec</u> <u>74f390</u>. Accessed July 28<sup>th</sup>, 2022.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection. 2022a. *Mandatory Non-Phosphate* (2022) – Current Mines. <u>https://services1.arcgis.com/nRHtyn3uE1kyzoYc/arcgis/rest/services/Mandatory\_</u> <u>Non\_Phosphate\_2022\_Current\_Mines/FeatureServer</u>. Accessed July 29<sup>th</sup>, 2022.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection. 2022b. *Statewide Land Use Land Cover*. <u>https://geodata.dep.state.fl.us/datasets/FDEP::statewide-land-use-land-cover/about</u>. Accessed July 29<sup>th</sup>, 2022.